

Understanding HotSpot JVM Performance with JITWatch

Chris Newland, LJC 2022-07-08

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```
git clone https://github.com/AdoptOpenJDK/jitwatch.git
```

```
mvn clean package
```

```
java -jar ui/target/jitwatch-ui-shaded.jar
```

Chris Newland

Market data developer at

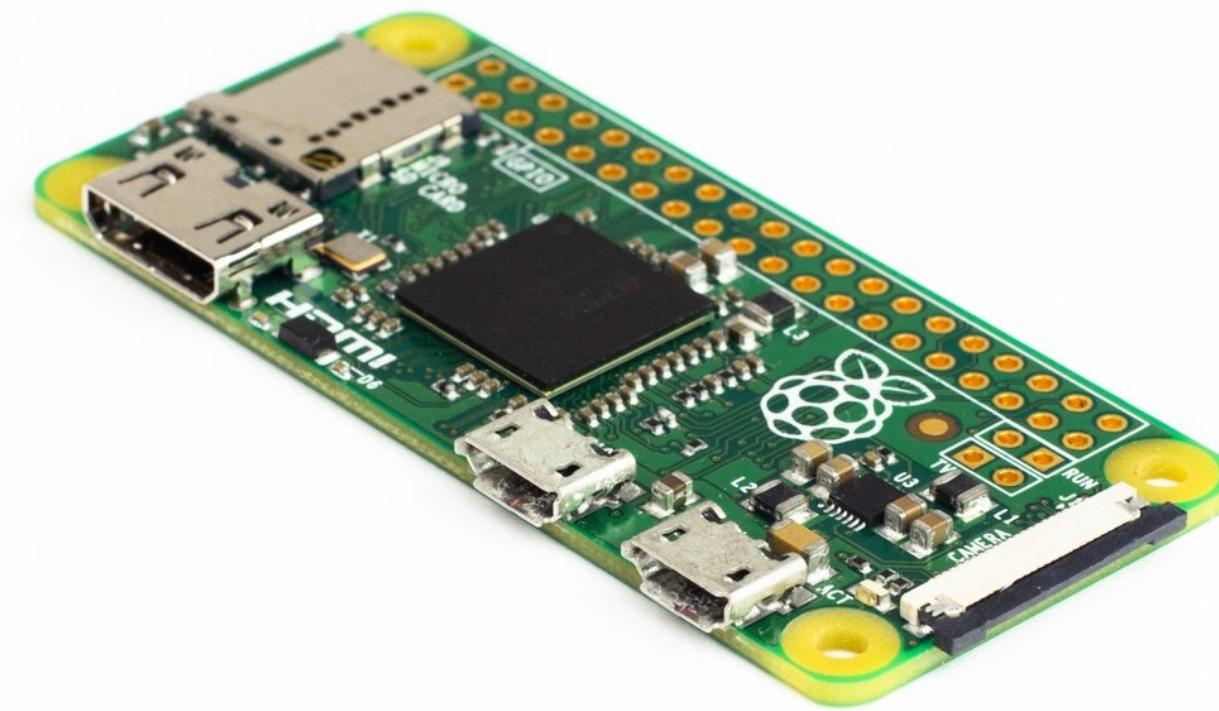
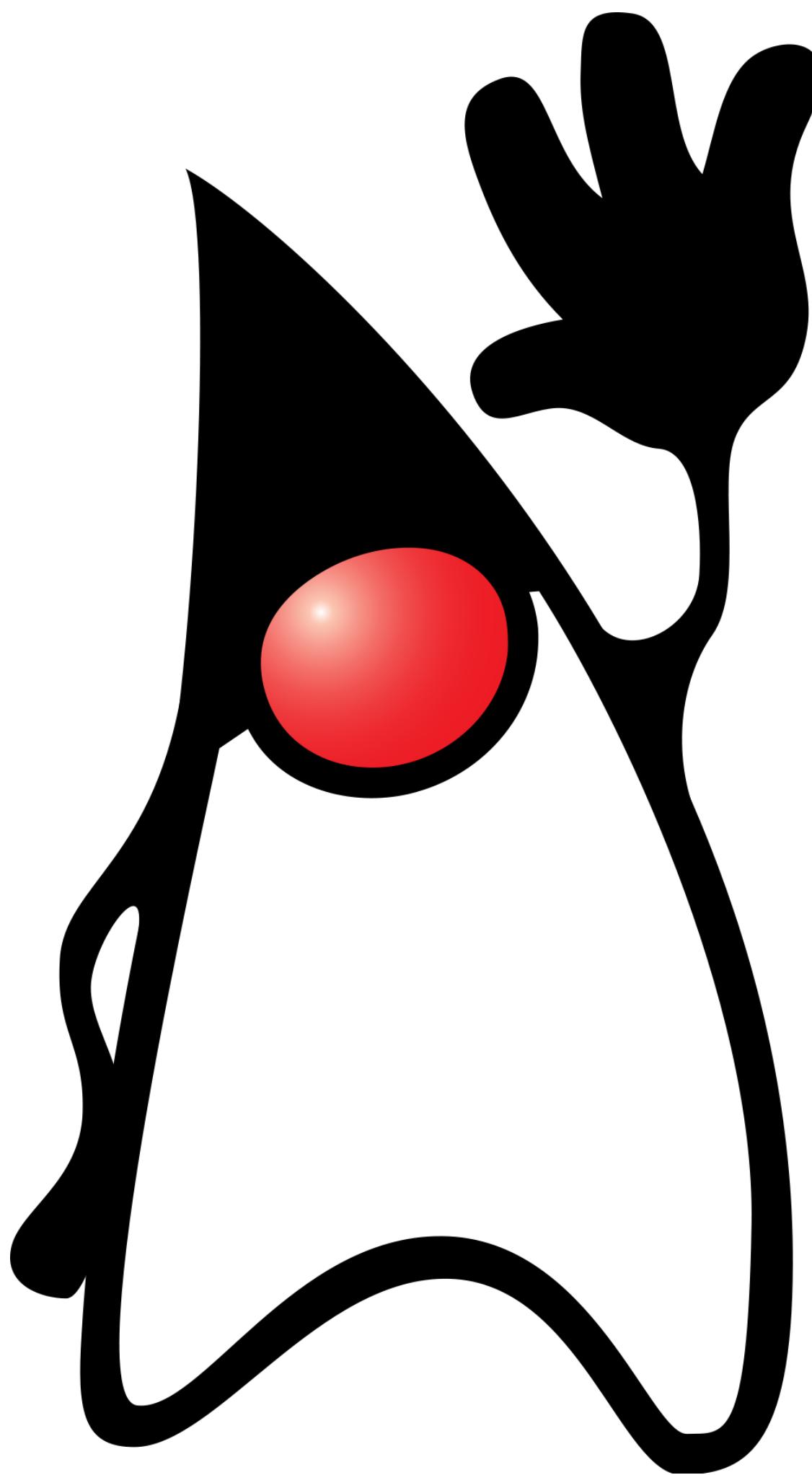


I make tools for understanding the JVM

Java Champion

@chriswhocodes on Twitter

The Amazing JVM



Many Languages

Java, Kotlin, Scala, Groovy, Clojure, JRuby, ...

Object-oriented and functional!

Strongly and dynamically typed!

Memory management and concurrency!

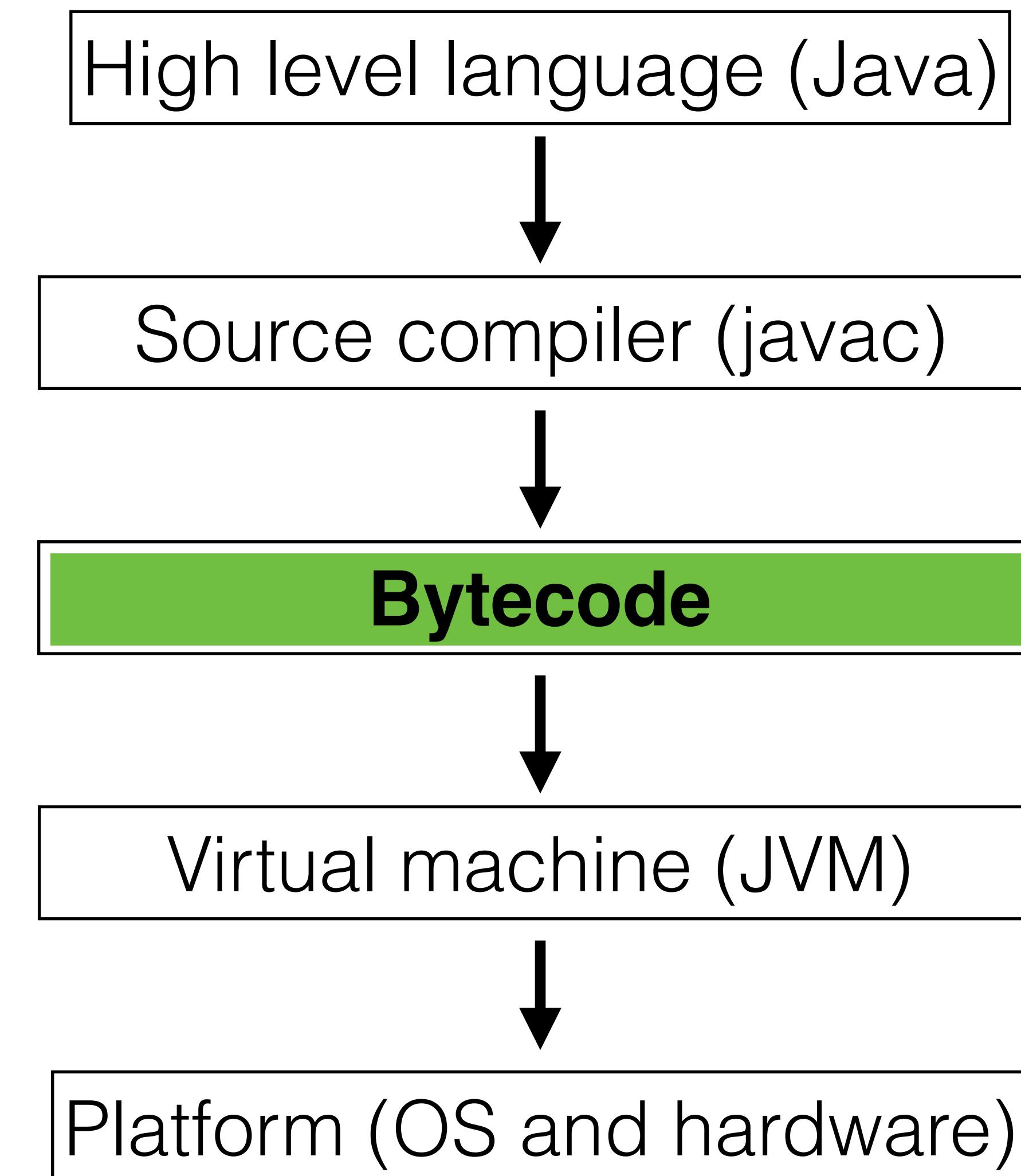
Abstraction!



*All problems in computer science can be solved by another level of indirection,
except of course for the problem of too many indirections.*

David Wheeler

A Common Language



Bytecode

(Portable instruction set, 256 possible instructions)

```
javac
```

The diagram illustrates the compilation process. On the left, a Java method definition is shown:

```
public int add(int a, int b)
{
    return a + b;
}
```

An arrow points from this source code to the right, labeled "javac". On the right, the resulting bytecode is displayed in a structured format:

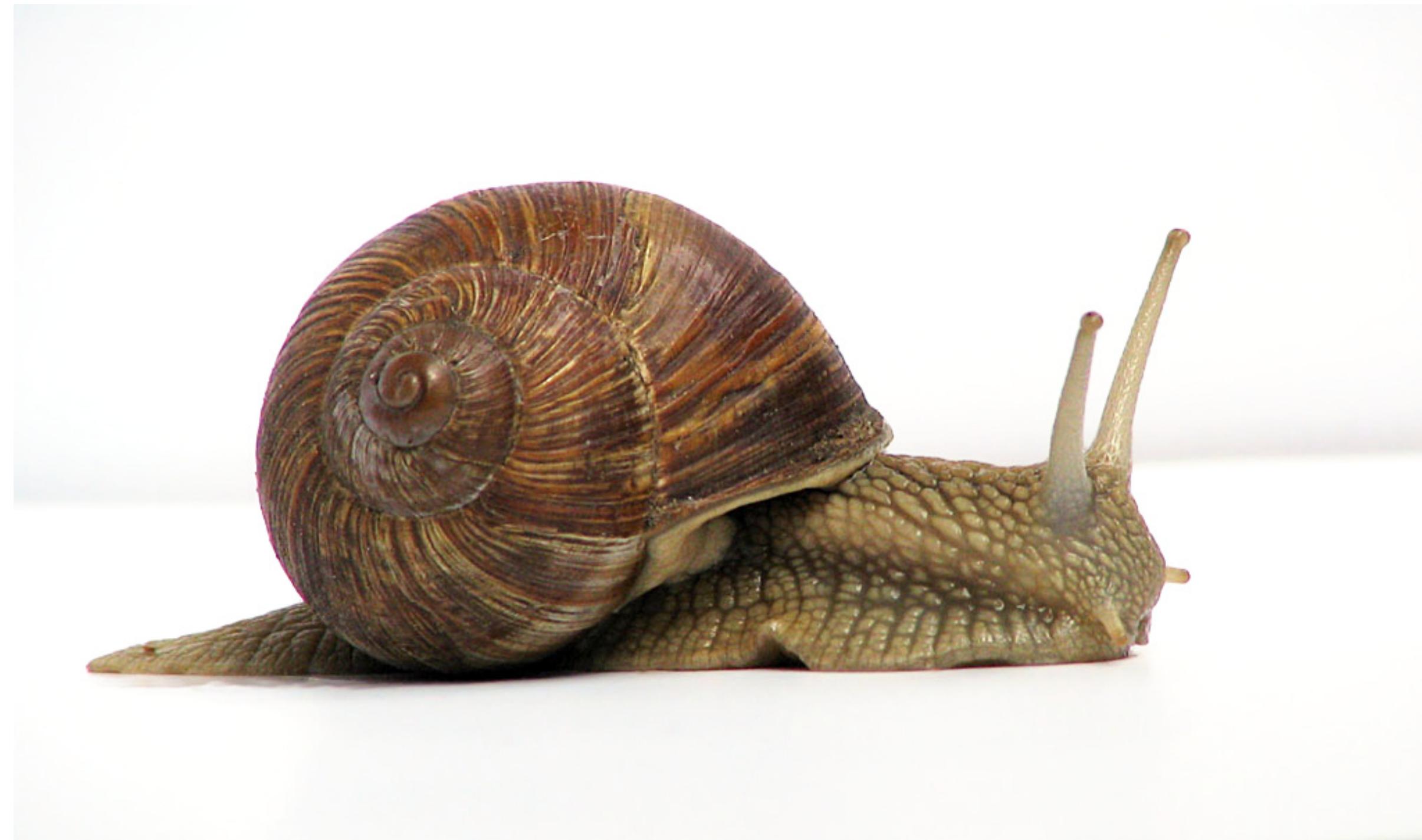
```
public int add(int, int);
descriptor: (II)I
flags: ACC_PUBLIC
Code:
stack=2, locals=3, args_size=3
0: iload_1
1: iload_2
2: iadd
3: ireturn
```

Interpreted on a virtual stack machine

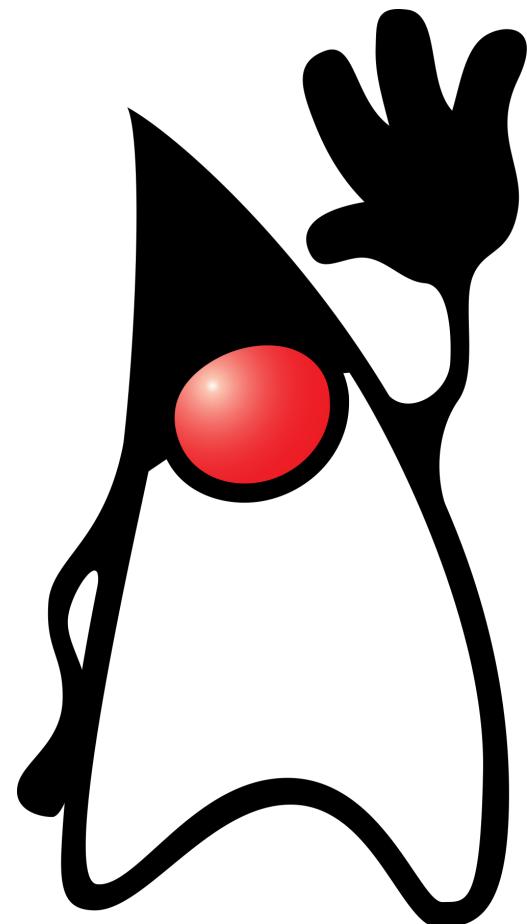
Simple Interpreter

```
while (running)
{
    opcode = getNextOpcode();

    switch(opcode)
    {
        case 0x00:
            // handle
            break;
        case 0x01:
            // handle
            break;
        ...
        case 0xff:
            // handle
            break;
    }
}
```



Running Faster



Just In Time (JIT)

Profiles running code for Hot Spots
Generates optimised native code
Profiling takes time and resources

GraalVM™



Ahead of Time (AOT)

Produces native executable
Knowledge of target architecture
Full performance from the start

HotSpot Optimisations

lock coarsening

strength reduction

loop unrolling

branch prediction

range check elimination

inlining

CHA

dead code elimination

compiler intrinsics

autobox elimination

copy removal

switch balancing

lock elision

null check elimination

instruction peepholeing

devirtualisation

constant propagation

escape analysis

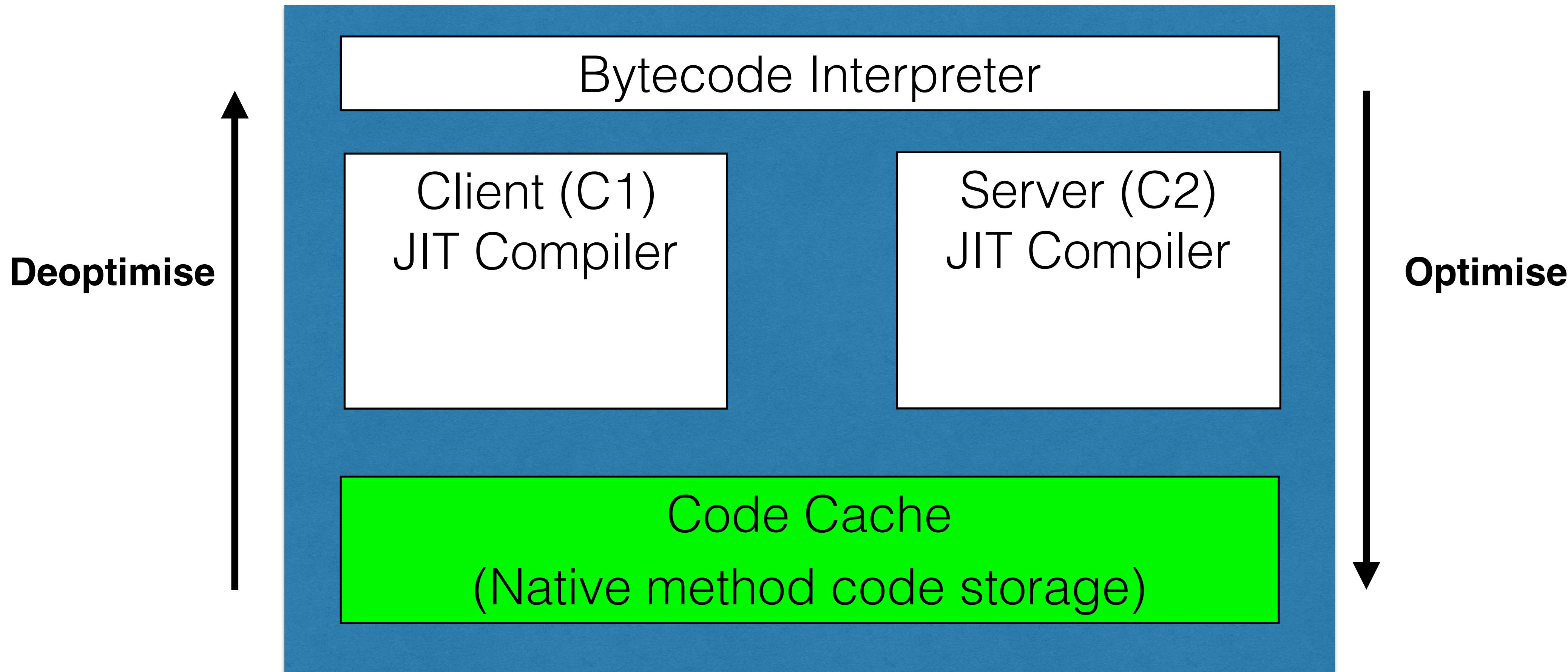
vectorisation

algebraic simplification

register allocation

subexpression elimination

The HotSpot JVM



* plus lots more components!

What triggers the JIT?

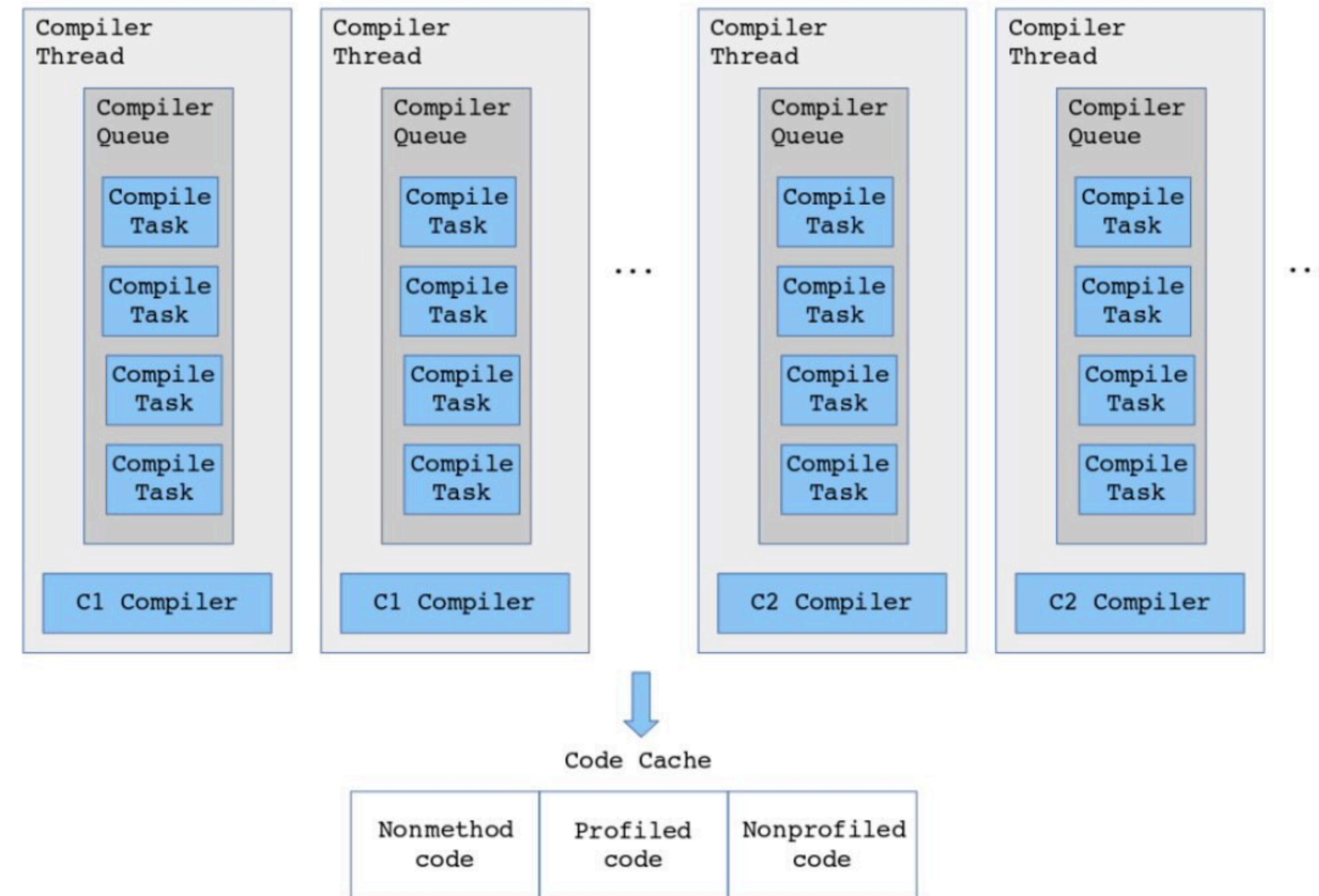
Unit of compilation is the method

JIT counts method invocations

Can also count loop back-edges (OSR)

Compilation task added to a queue

Inside the JIT



Code Cache

JVM memory region for JIT-compiled methods

Can run out of space

Can become fragmented

Since JEP197 (JDK9) - Segmented into

- Profiled code
- Non-profiled code
- JVM internal code

Ergonomics

Garbage collector: G1GC

Initial heap: 1/64th of physical memory

Maximum heap: 1/4th of physical memory

Tiered compilation: Enabled. Code Cache 240MB

Compiler Threads: 4

<https://chriswhocodes.com/vm-options-explorer.html>

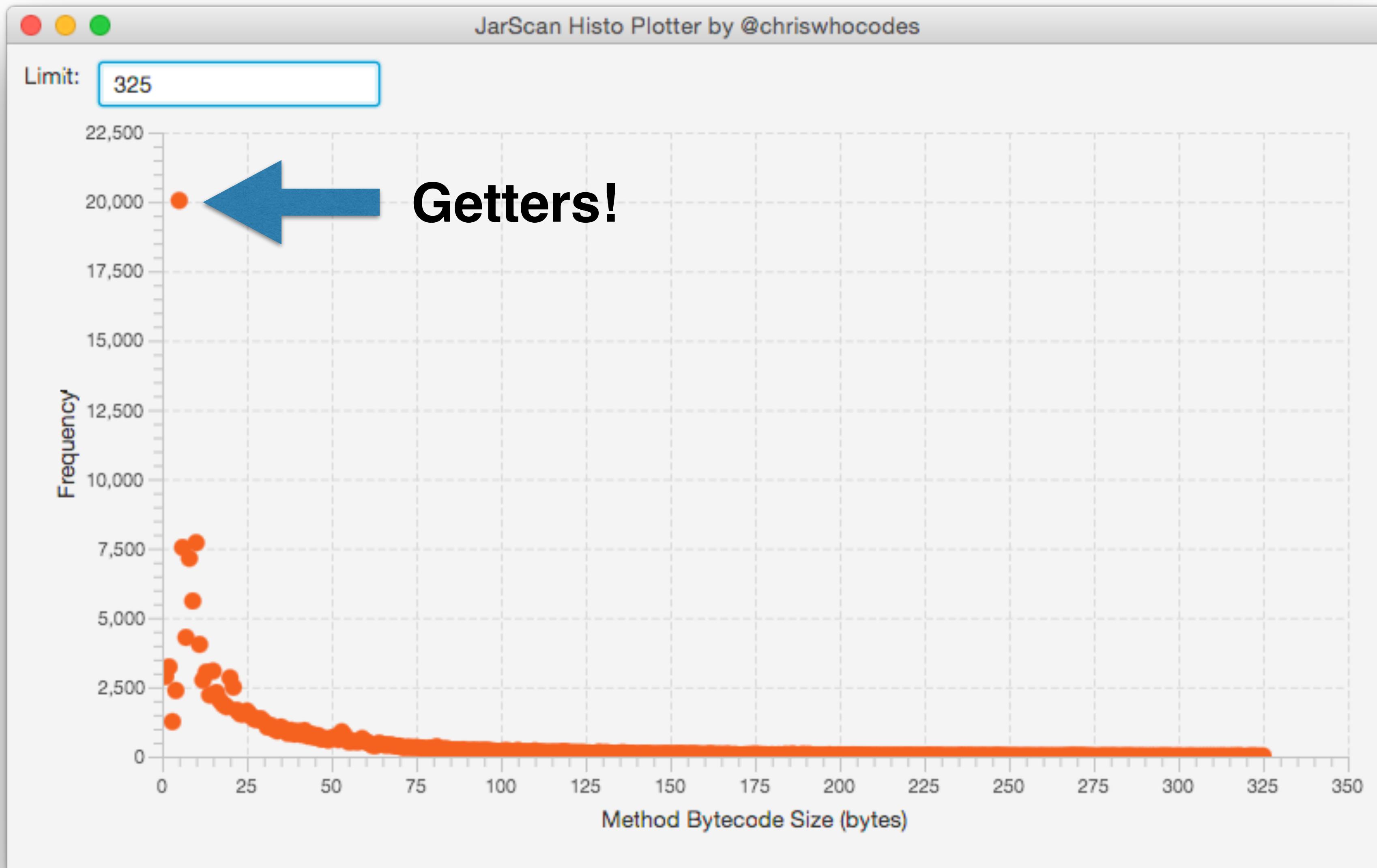
Compilation Levels

Tier	Component	Description	Stored in code cache segment
0	Interpreter	Counts invocations and back edges	Not applicable
1	C1 compiler	Performs full optimization	Nonprofiled code
2	C1 compiler	Counts invocations and back edges	Profiled code
3	C1 compiler	Performs full profiling	Profiled code
4	C2 compiler	Performs full optimization	Nonprofiled code

Compilation patterns

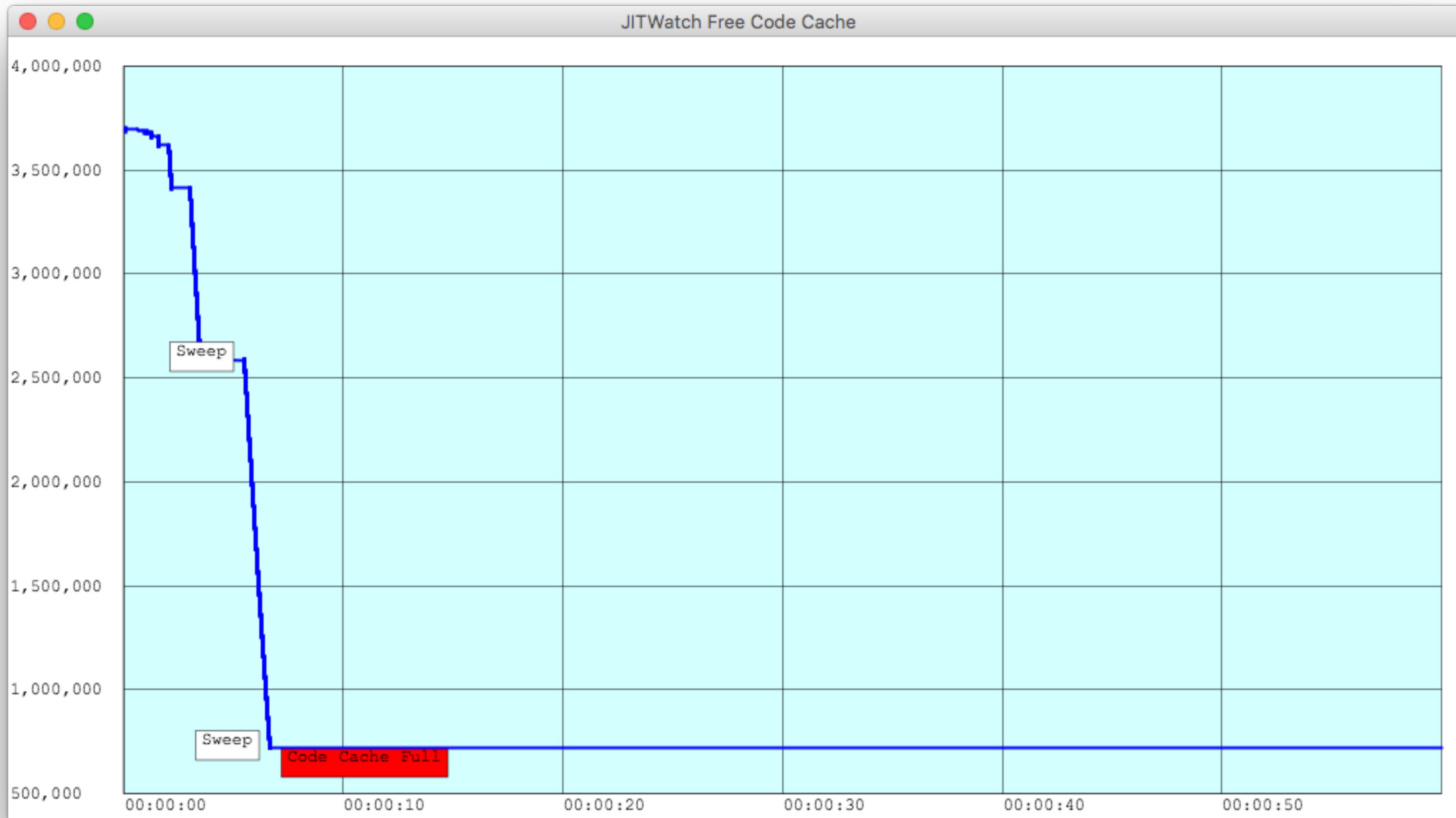
Tier sequence	Explanation
0, 1	Trivial code that will not benefit from C2
0, 3, 4	Tier 3 compilation by C1 with full profiling and then C2 final compilation
0, 2, 3, 4	C2 queues busy; compilation at tier 2 (faster code than tier 3) to minimize the time spent executing tier 3 code
0, 3, 1	Decided during full profiling that method will not benefit from C2 so recompilation at tier 1
0, 4	Tiered compilation disabled; compilation only by C2

Trivial Methods in the JDK

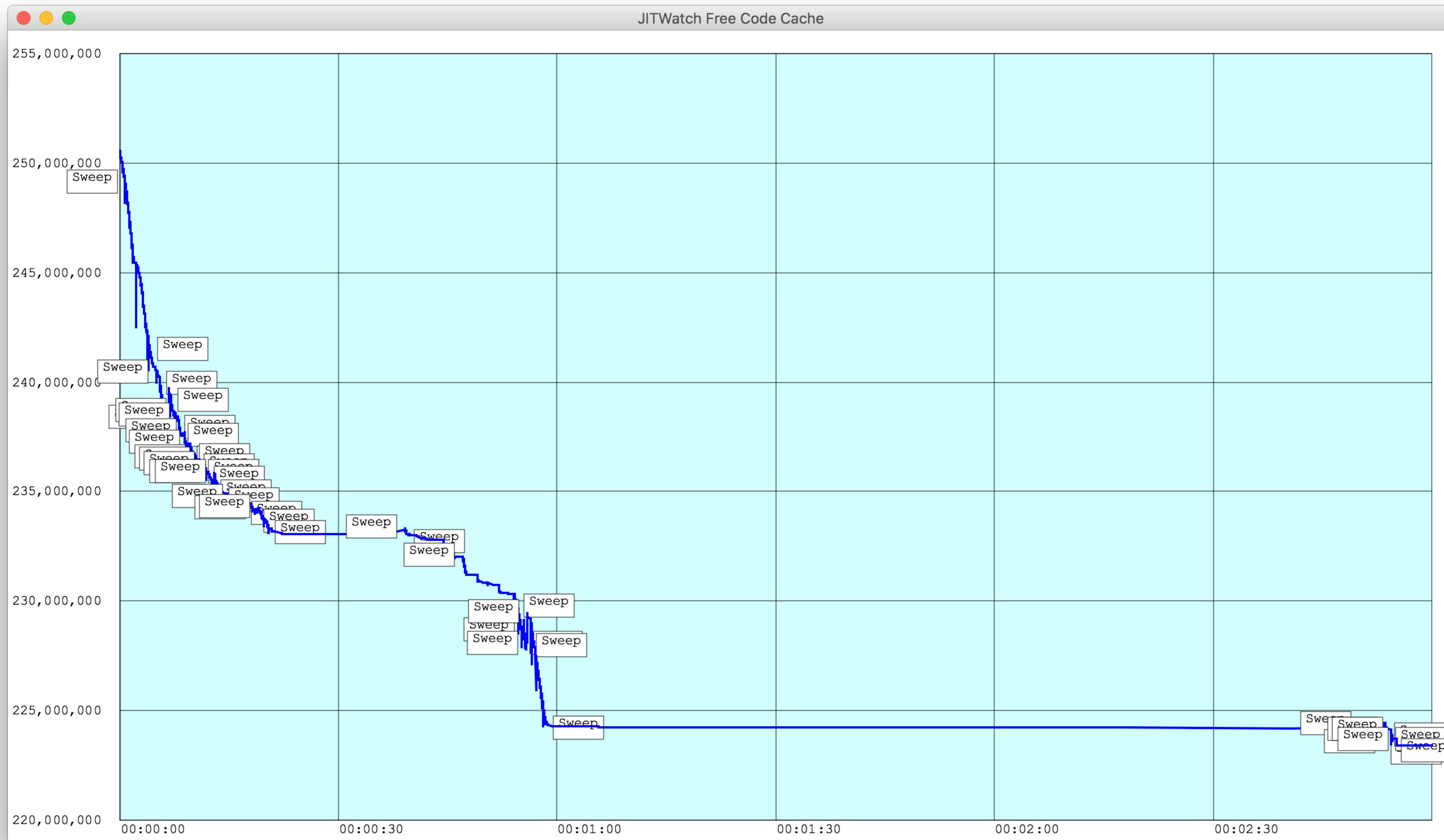


<https://www.chrisnewland.com/more-bytecode-geekery-with-jarscan-404>

Code Cache Exhaustion



Sweeper activity



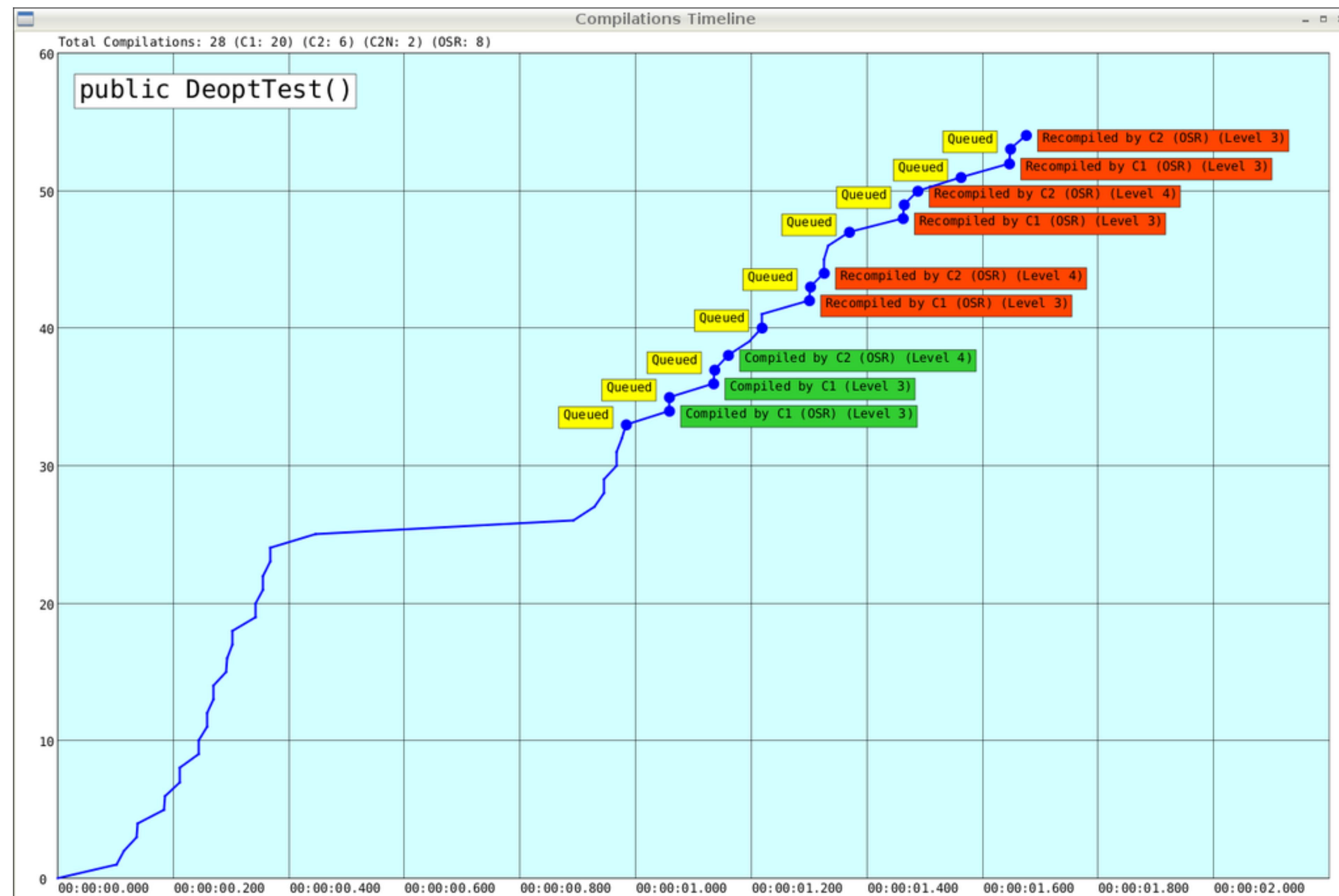
Guess Again?

Many (C2) optimisations are speculative

JVM needs a way back if decision was wrong

Uncommon traps verify if assumption holds

Wrong? Switch back to interpreted code



Repeated deopts can cause poor performance

Logging the JIT

-XX:+UnlockDiagnosticVMOptions
-XX:+LogCompilation

and optionally

-XX:+PrintAssembly

[https://blogs.oracle.com/javamagazine/post/
java-hotspot-hsdis-disassembler](https://blogs.oracle.com/javamagazine/post/java-hotspot-hsdis-disassembler)

I heard you like to grep?

```
<call method='739' count='9304' prof_factor='0.878029' inline='1'/>
<inline_success reason='inline (hot)'/>
<parse method='739' uses='8169' stamp='0.247'>
<parse_done nodes='253' live='246' memory='60712' stamp='0.247' />
</parse>
<bc code='50' bci='36' />
<uncommon_trap bci='36' reason='range_check' action='make_not_entrant' comment='range_check' />
<bc code='198' bci='39' />
<branch target_bci='84' taken='0' not_taken='9304' cnt='9304' prob='never' />
<uncommon_trap bci='39' reason='unreached' action='reinterpret' comment='taken never' />
<uncommon_trap bci='42' reason='predicate' action='maybe_recompile' />
<uncommon_trap bci='42' reason='loop_limit_check' action='maybe_recompile' />
<bc code='180' bci='43' />
<uncommon_trap bci='43' reason='null_check' action='maybe_recompile' />
<bc code='160' bci='47' />
<branch target_bci='76' taken='0' not_taken='9304' cnt='9304' prob='never' />
<bc code='165' bci='58' />
<branch target_bci='74' taken='9304' not_taken='0' cnt='9304' prob='always' />
<uncommon_trap bci='58' reason='unreached' action='reinterpret' comment='taken always' />
<bc code='198' bci='39' />
<branch target_bci='84' taken='0' not_taken='9304' cnt='9304' prob='never' />
<uncommon_trap bci='39' reason='unreached' action='reinterpret' comment='taken never' />
<parse_done nodes='384' live='369' memory='92008' stamp='0.247' />
</parse>
<bc code='192' bci='5' />
<klass id='732' name='java/util/LinkedHashMap$Entry' flags='10' />
<dependency type='leaf_type' ctxk='732' />
<uncommon_trap bci='5' reason='null_check' action='make_not_entrant' />
<uncommon_trap bci='5' reason='class_check' action='maybe_recompile' />
<bc code='199' bci='10' />
<branch target_bci='15' taken='11050' not_taken='0' cnt='11050' prob='always' />
<bc code='182' bci='17' />
<type id='636' name='void' />
<method id='736' holder='732' name='recordAccess' return='636' arguments='733' flags='0' bytes='25' compile_id='13' compiler='C2' iicount='12027' />
<dependency type='unique_concrete_method' ctxk='732' />
<call method='736' count='11050' prof_factor='1' inline='1' />
<inline_success reason='inline (hot)' />
<parse method='736' uses='11050' stamp='0.247' />
<bc code='184' bci='6' />
<type id='628' name='boolean' />
<method id='751' holder='729' name='access$000' return='728' arguments='729' flags='4104' bytes='6' compile_id='14' compiler='C2' iicount='12027' />
<call method='751' count='8728' prof_factor='0.918766' inline='1' />
<inline_success reason='accessor' />
<parse method='751' uses='8019' stamp='0.247' />
<parse_done nodes='449' live='431' memory='119719' stamp='0.247' />
</parse>
<bc code='153' bci='9' />
```

VISUALISE

ALL THE COMPILER DECISIONS!

memegenerator.net

JITWatch

Compilations (when, how)

Deoptimisations (why)

Inlining successes and failures

Escape analysis

Branch probabilities

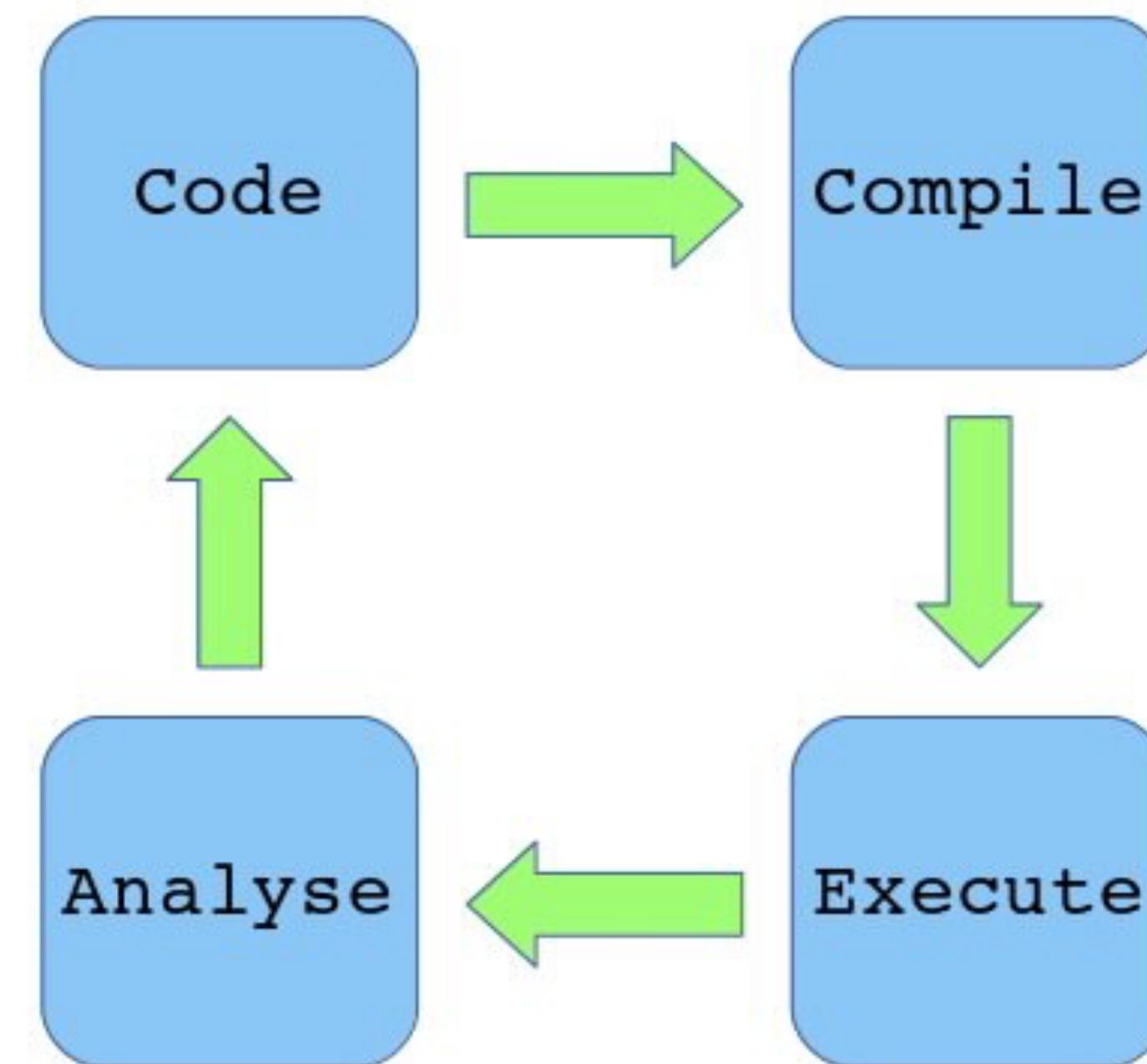
Intrinsics used

Hot throws, stale tasks, vectorisation and more!

Getting Started

Log File

Sandbox



JITWatch - Just In Time Compilation Inspector

Sandbox Open Log Start Stop Config Timeline Histo Toplist Cache NMethods Threads TriView Suggest -Allocs -Locks

 Hide interfaces Hide uncompiled classes Hide non JIT-compiled class members

Packages

Queued	Compile Start	NMethod Emit	Native Size	Compiler	Level
--------	---------------	--------------	-------------	----------	-------

Select a JIT-compiled class member to view compilations.

Welcome to JITWatch by Chris Newland (@chriswhocodes on Twitter) and the AdoptOpenJDK project.

Please report issues via GitHub (<https://github.com/AdoptOpenJDK/jitwatch>).

Includes an assembly reference from x86asm.net licenced under <http://ref.x86asm.net/index.html#License>

Choose a JIT log file or open the Sandbox

Language

English



Select Parser

HOTSPOT



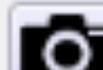
Errors (0)

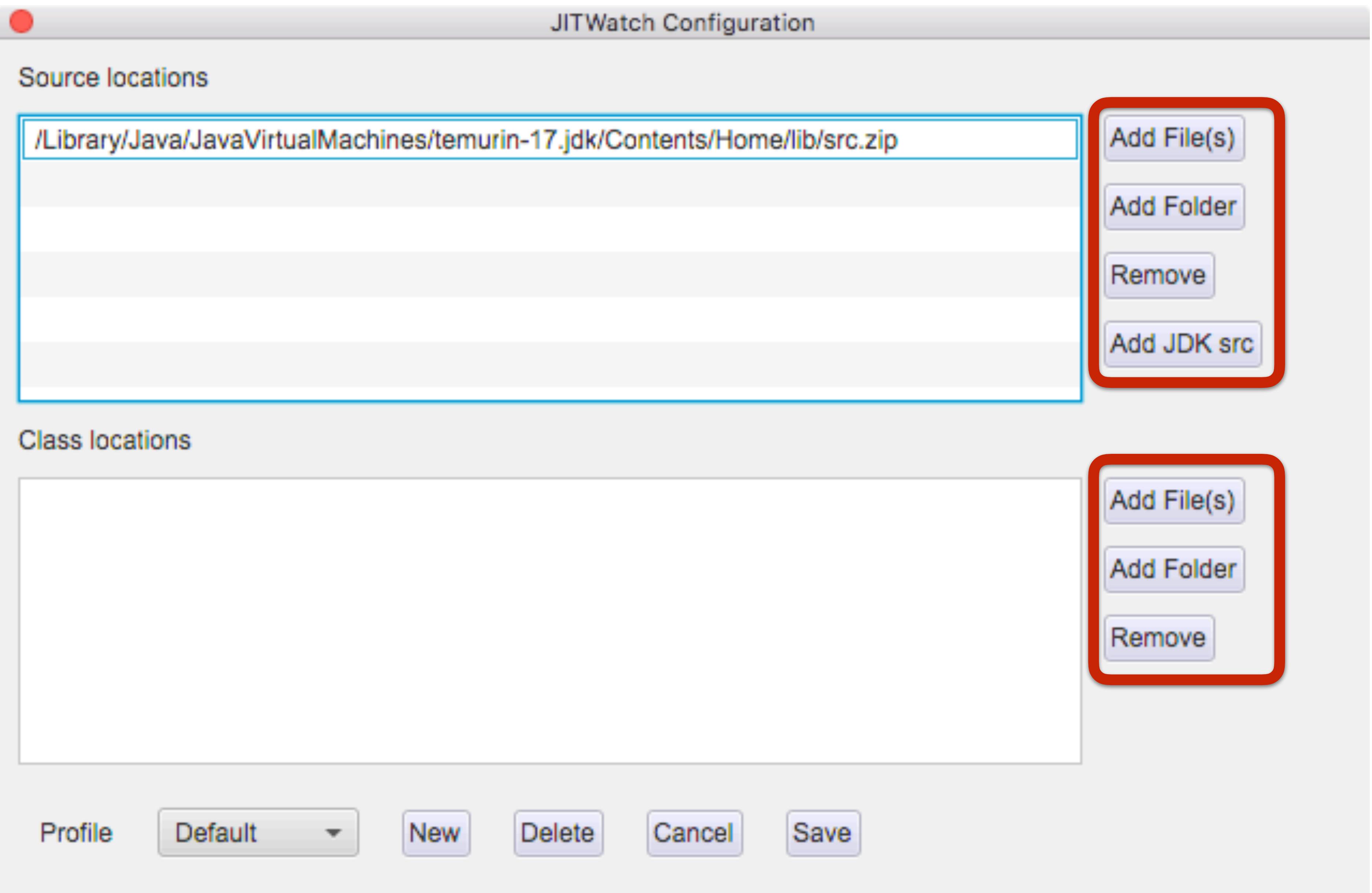
Stats

Reset

Heap: 50/328M

VM: Eclipse Adoptium JDK17.0.1 build 17.0.1+12

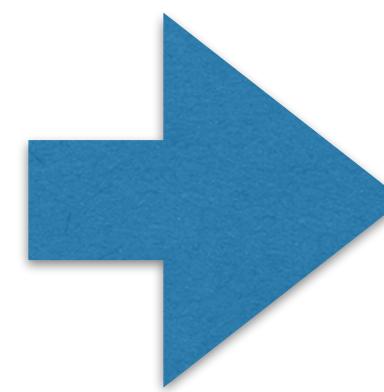




Mount source and class locations

Inlining

```
int result = add(a, b);  
  
public int add(int x, int y) {  
    return x + y;  
}
```



```
int result = a + b;
```

- Copy the body of the callee method into the call site
- Eliminates the cost of method dispatch
- The “Gateway Optimisation”

New Editor Open Save Configure Sandbox Reset Sandbox Java Run View Output



SimpleInliningTest.java ×

```
1 // The Sandbox is designed to help you learn about the HotSpot JIT compilers.
2 // Please note that the JIT compilers may behave differently when isolating a method
3 // in the Sandbox compared to running your whole application.
4
5 public class SimpleInliningTest
6 {
7     public SimpleInliningTest()
8     {
9         int sum = 0;
10
11         for (int i = 0 ; i < 10_000_000; i++)
12         {
13             sum = this.add(sum, 99); // 0x63 hex
14         }
15
16         System.out.println("Sum:" + sum);
17     }
18
19     public int add(int a, int b)
20     {
21         return a + b;
22     }
23
24     public static void main(String[] args)
25     {
26         new SimpleInliningTest();
27     }
28 }
```

Sandbox Mode

```
Sandbox ready. OS is 'Mac OS X' Architecture is 'x86_64'
Looking for disassembler: hsdis-amd64.dylib
Disassembler available: /Users/chrisnewland/jitwatch/hsdis-amd64.dylib
```

Sandbox Configuration

Compile and runtime classpath

/Users/chrisnewland/jitwatch/sandbox/classes

Add File(s)

Add Folder

Remove

Configure VM Languages

Clojure

Groovy

JRuby

Java

JavaScript

Kotlin

Scala

Show Disassembly

AT&T syntax Intel syntax

Tiered Compilation:

VM Default Always Never

Compressed Ooops:

VM Default Always Never

Background JIT:

VM Default Always Never

On Stack Replacement:

VM Default Always Never

Disable Inlining

MaxInlineSize: FreqInlineSize:

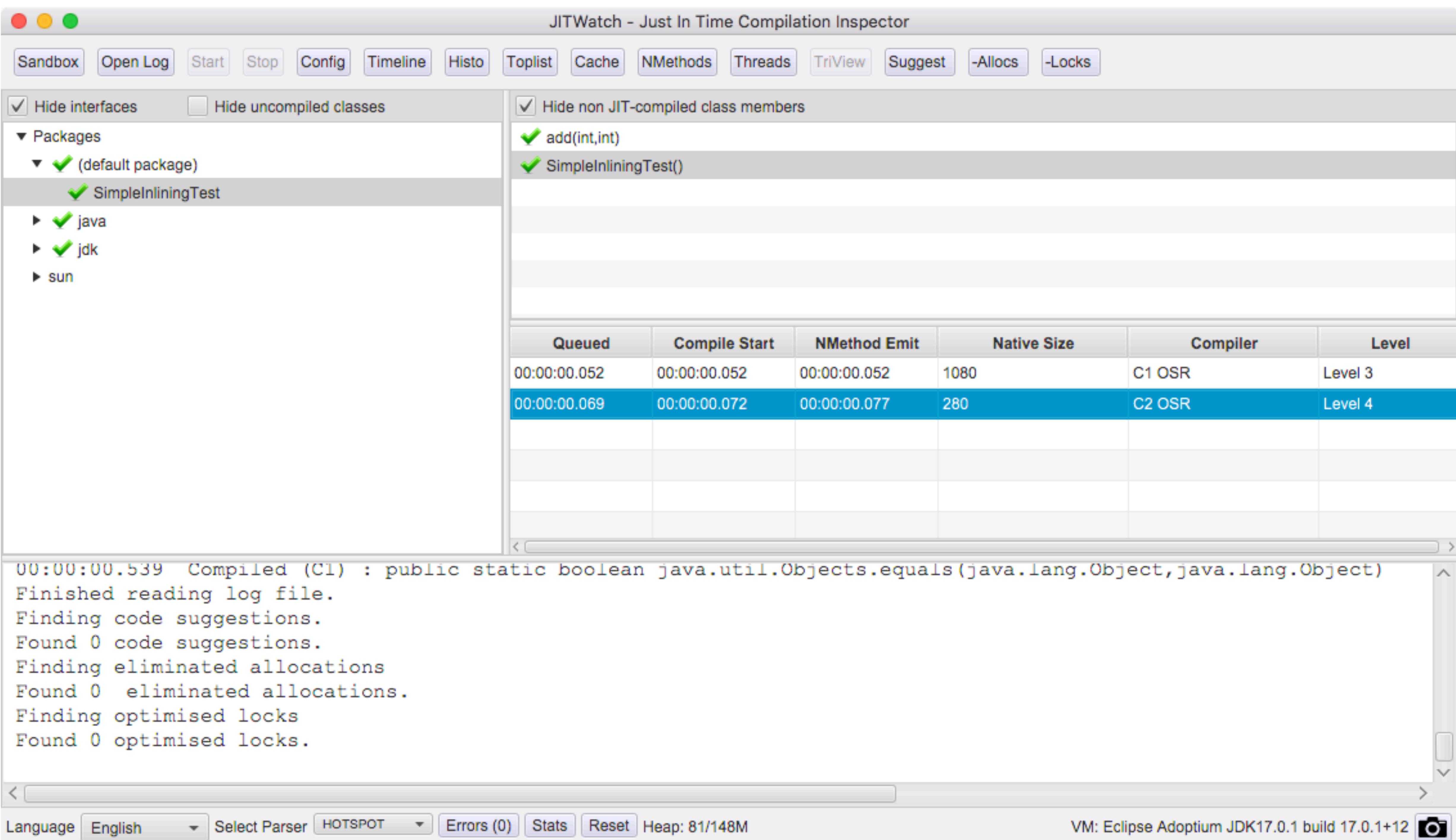
Compile Threshold:

Extra VM switches:

Cancel

Save

Sandbox Config



Language English ▾ Select Parser HOTSPOT ▾ Errors (0) Stats Reset Heap: 81/148M

VM: Eclipse Adoptium JDK17.0.1 build 17.0.1+12

TriView - Source, Bytecode, Assembly Viewer - JITWatch

Class SimpleInliningTest Member SimpleInliningTest()

Source Bytecode Assembly Chain Journal LNT Inlined into Mouseover

Bytecode size Native size Compile time
41 280 5ms

Source

```

1 // The Sandbox is designed to help you learn about the Ho
2 // Please note that the JIT compilers may behave differen
3 // in the Sandbox compared to running your whole applicat
4
5 public class SimpleInliningTest
6 {
7     public SimpleInliningTest()
8     {
9         int sum = 0;
10    for (int i = 0 ; i < 10_000_000; i++)
11    {
12        sum = this.add(sum, 99); // 63 hex
13    }
14    }
15    System.out.println("Sum:" + sum);
16 }
17
18 public int add(int a, int b)
19 {
20     return a + b;
21 }
22
23
24 public static void main(String[] args)
25 {
26     new SimpleInliningTest();
27 }
28 }
```

Bytecode (double click for JVM spec)

```

0:   aload_0
1:   invokespecial #1   // Method java/lang/Object."<init>" [Entry Point]
4:   iconst_0
5:   istore_1
6:   iconst_0
7:   istore_2
8:   iload_2
9:   ldc          #7   // int 10000000
11:  if_icmpge   28
14:  aload_0
15:  iload_1
16:  bipush       99
18:  invokevirtual #8   // Method add:(II)I
21:  istore_1
22:  iinc         1
25:  goto         28
28:  getstatic    <field:4939942d> java/lang/System.out:Ljava/io/PrintStream;
31:  iload_1
32:  invokedynamic <lambda:makeConcatWithFormat>(Ljava/lang/String;[Ljava/lang/Object;)V
37:  invokevirtual #24  // Method java/io/PrintStream.print([Ljava/lang/Object;)V
40:  return
```

Assembly

{method} {0x000000011e800388} '<init>' '()V' in 'SimpleInliningTest' [Entry Point]

0x00000183fae7a4a0: movabs r10,0x106ea9c10 ; {runtime_call}

0x00000183fae7a4aa: call r10

0x00000183fae7a4ad: data16 xchg ax,ax

0x00000183fae7a4b0: mov DWORD PTR [rsp-0x14000],eax

0x00000183fae7a4b7: push rbp

0x00000183fae7a4b8: sub rsp,0x20

0x00000183fae7a4bc: mov r14, QWORD PTR [rsi+0x10]

0x00000183fae7a4c0: mov ebx,DWORD PTR [rsi+0x8]

0x00000183fae7a4c3: mov r13d,DWORD PTR [rsi]

0x00000183fae7a4c6: mov rdi,rsi

0x00000183fae7a4c9: movabs r10,0x106f48850

0x00000183fae7a4d3: call r10 ;*iload_2 {reexecute=0 rethrow} ; - SimpleInliningTest::<init>

0x00000183fae7a4d6: mov r11d,DWORD PTR [r14+0x8] ; implicit argument

0x00000183fae7a4da: cmp r11d,0xc00800 ; {metadata('SimpleInliningTest')}

0x00000183fae7a4e1: jne L0003

0x00000183fae7a4e3: cmp r13d,0x989680

0x00000183fae7a4ea: jge L0005 ;*if_icmpge {reexecute=0 rethrow} ; - SimpleInliningTest::<init>

0x00000183fae7a4f0: imul r10d,r13d,0x63

0x00000183fae7a4f4: mov r11d,ebx

0x00000183fae7a4f7: sub r11d,r10d ;*iload_2 {reexecute=0 rethrow} ; - SimpleInliningTest::<init>

0x00000183fae7a4fa: inc r13d

0x00000183fae7a4fd: cmp r13d,0x98967f

0x00000183fae7a504: jge L0002

0x00000183fae7a506: movsxd r10,r13d

0x00000183fae7a509: mov r8d,0x989680

0x00000183fae7a50f: sub r8,r10

0x00000183fae7a512: and r8,0xfffffffffffffe

0x00000183fae7a516: mov ebp,r8d

0x00000183fae7a519: add ebp,r13d ;*iinc {reexecute=0 rethrow} ; - SimpleInliningTest::<init>

0x00000183fae7a51c: imul ebp,ebp,0x63

0x00000183fae7a51f: add ebx,r11d ;*iadd {reexecute=0 rethrow} ; - SimpleInliningTest::<init>

0x00000183fae7a528: jl L0004 ;*if_icmpge {reexecute=0 rethrow} ; - SimpleInliningTest::<init>

L0000: cmp ebp,0x989680

0x00000183fae7a528: jl L0004 ;*if_icmpge {reexecute=0 rethrow} ; - SimpleInliningTest::<init>

Ctrl-click to inspect this method
Backspace to return

Mounted class version: 61.0 (Java 17) public SimpleInliningTest() compiled with C2 OSR



invokespecial

Operation

Invoke instance method; special handling for superclass, private, and instance initialization method invocations

Format

```
invokespecial  
indexbyte1  
indexbyte2
```

Forms

invokespecial = 183 (0xb7)

Operand Stack

..., *objectref*, [*arg1*, [*arg2* ...]] →

...

Description

The unsigned *indexbyte1* and *indexbyte2* are used to construct an index into the run-time constant pool of the current class ([§2.6](#)), where the value of the index is $(\text{indexbyte1} \ll 8) | \text{indexbyte2}$. The run-time constant pool item at that index must be a symbolic reference to a method ([§5.1](#)), which gives the name and descriptor ([§4.3.3](#)) of the method as well as a symbolic reference to the class in which the method is to be found. The named method is resolved ([§5.4.3.3](#)). Finally, if the resolved method is protected ([§4.6](#)), and it is a member of a superclass of the current class, and the method is not declared in the same run-time package ([§5.3](#)) as the current class, then the class of *objectref* must be either the current class or a subclass of the current class.



Inlining Limits

Increases size of compiled code

< 35 bytes (**-XX:MaxInlineSize=n**)

< 325 bytes and “hot” (**-XX:FreqInlineSize=n**)

Inlining Failure Modes

JITWatch TopLists

Inlining Failure Reasons

Count	Reason
1647	too big
473	executed < MinInliningThreshold times
433	already compiled into a medium method
357	already compiled into a big method
271	call site not reached
257	native method
216	never executed
166	hot method too big
71	size > DesiredMethodLimit
33	recursive inlining is too deep
18	unloaded signature classes
11	exception method
8	inlining too deep
1	NodeCountInliningCutoff

BAD!

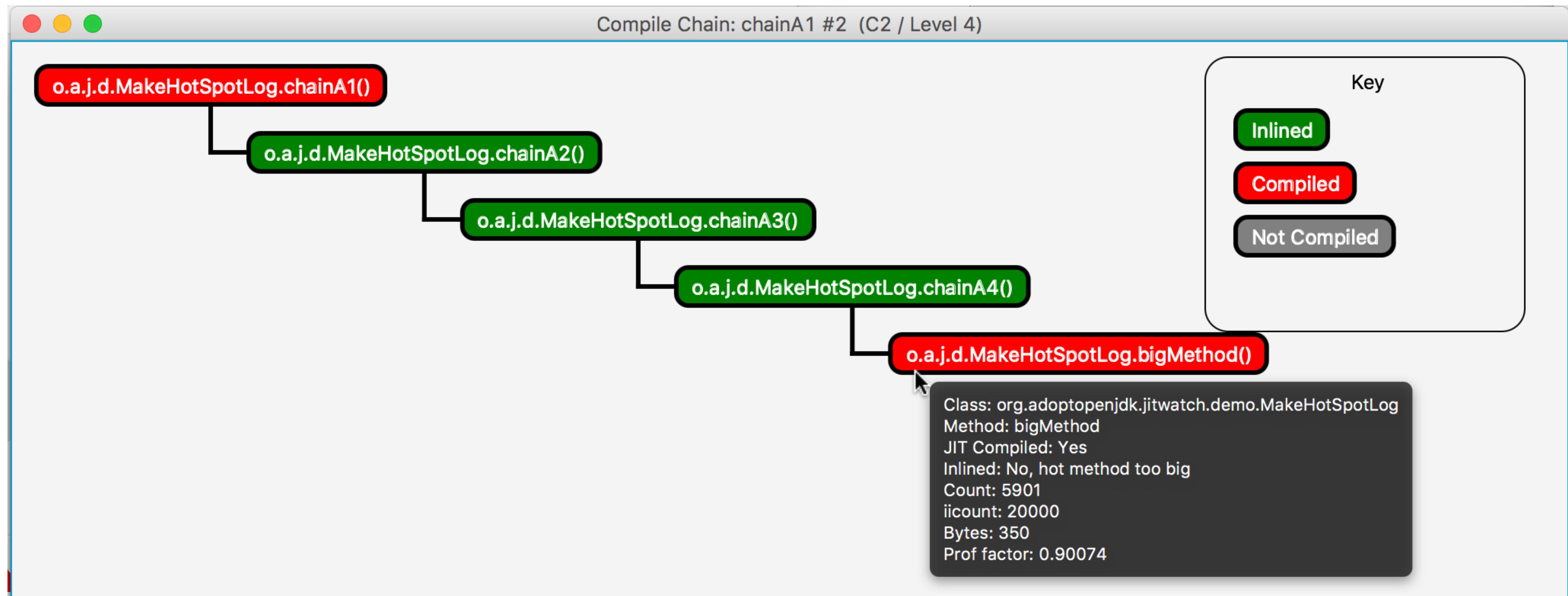
Inlining Suggestions

JITWatch Code Suggestions

Filter on package prefixes (comma separated)

Score	Type	Caller	Suggestion
20000	Inlining	org.adoptopenjdk.jitwatch.demo.MakeHotSpotLog private long chainA4(long) View	The call at bytecode 3 to Class: org.adoptopenjdk.jitwatch.demo.MakeHotSpotLog Member: private long bigMethod(long,int) was not inlined for reason: 'hot method too big' The callee method is 'hot' but is too big to be inlined into the caller. You may want to consider refactoring the callee into smaller methods. Invocations: 20000 Size of callee bytecode: 350

Compile Chain



Look out for inlining failures or deep chains in hot code

JarScan Tool

Static bytecode analysis

Identifies methods above inlining threshold (325 bytes)

Over 3500 above-threshold methods in the JDK

- `String.split`
- **`String.toUpperCase / toLowerCase`**

Large JDK methods

```
public String toUpperCase(Locale locale) {
    if (locale == null) {
        throw new NullPointerException();
    }

    int firstLower;
    final int len = value.length;

    /* Now check if there are any characters that need to be changed. */
    scan: for (firstLower = 0 ; firstLower < len; ) {
        int c = (int)value[firstLower];
        int srcCount;
        if ((c >= Character.MIN_HIGH_SURROGATE)
            && (c <= Character.MAX_HIGH_SURROGATE)) {
            c = codePointAt(firstLower);
            srcCount = Character.charCount(c);
        } else {
            srcCount = 1;
        }
        int upperCaseChar = Character.toUpperCaseEx(c);
        if ((upperCaseChar == Character.ERROR)
            || (c != upperCaseChar)) {
            break scan;
        }
        firstLower += srcCount;
    }
    return this;
}

/* result may grow, so i+resultOffset is the write location in result */
int resultOffset = 0;
char[] result = new char[len]; /* may grow */

/* Just copy the first few upperCase characters.*/
System.arraycopy(value, 0, result, 0, firstLower);

String lang = locale.getLanguage();
boolean localeDependent =
    (lang == "tr" || lang == "az" || lang == "lt");
char[] upperCharArray;
int upperChar;
int srcChar;
int srcCount;
for (int i = firstLower; i < len; i += srcCount) {
    srcChar = (int)value[i];
    if (((char)srcChar >= Character.MIN_HIGH_SURROGATE &&
        (char)srcChar <= Character.MAX_HIGH_SURROGATE) {
        srcChar = codePointAt(i);
        srcCount = Character.charCount(srcChar);
    } else {
        srcCount = 1;
    }
    if (localeDependent) {
        upperChar = ConditionalSpecialCasing.toUpperCaseEx(this, i, locale);
    } else {
        upperChar = Character.toUpperCaseEx(srcChar);
    }
    if ((upperChar == Character.ERROR)
        || (upperChar >= Character.MIN_SUPPLEMENTARY_CODE_POINT)) {
        if (upperChar == Character.ERROR) {
            if (localeDependent) {
                upperCharArray =
                    ConditionalSpecialCasing.toUpperCaseCharArray(this, i, locale);
            } else {
```

java.lang.String.toUpperCase()

439 bytes of bytecode

char[] can change size

Too big for inlining

Specialised for ASCII

```
public String toUpperCaseASCII(String source) {  
    int len = source.length();  
  
    char[] result = new char[len];  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {  
        char c = source.charAt(i);  
  
        if (c >= 'a' && c <= 'z') { c -= 32; }  
  
        result[i] = c;  
    }  
  
    return new String(result);  
}
```

JMH Comparison

```
@State(Scope.Thread)
@BenchmarkMode(Mode.Throughput)
@OutputTimeUnit(TimeUnit.SECONDS)
public classUpperCase {

    @Benchmark
    public String testStringToUpperCase() {
        return SOURCE.toUpperCase();
    }

    @Benchmark
    public String testCustomToUpperCase() {
        return toUpperCaseASCII(SOURCE);
    }
}
```

Benchmark	Mode	Cnt	Score	Error	Units
UpperCase.testCustomToUpperCase	thrpt	200	1792970.024	± 8598.436	ops/s
UpperCase.testStringToUpperCase	thrpt	200	820741.756	± 4346.516	ops/s

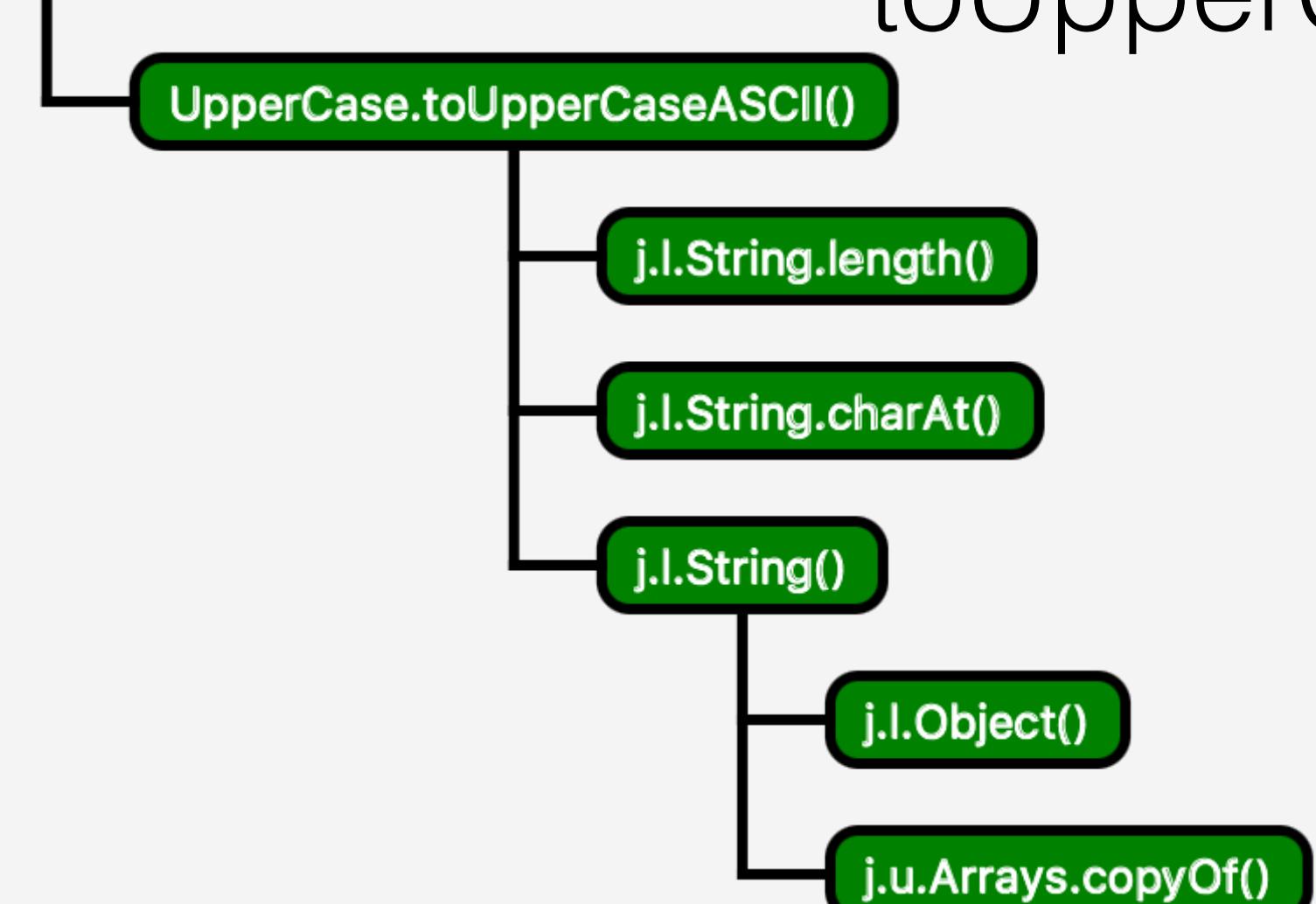
Custom version is more than twice the ops/second

UpperCase.convertString()**String.toUpperCase()**

Key

- Inlined
- Compiled
- Virtual Call
- Not Compiled

Class: java.lang.String
 Method: toUpperCase
 JIT Compiled: Yes
 Inlined: No, hot method too big
 Count: 40960
 iicount: 723
 Bytes: 439
 Prof factor: 1

**UpperCase.convertCustom()****toUpperCaseASCII()**

Key

- Inlined
- Compiled
- Virtual Call
- Not Compiled

Callsite Morphism

HotSpot counts observed implementations at each callsite.

Too many implementations can prevent inlining.

Implementations	Classification	Inlinable?
1	Monomorphic	Yes
2	Bimorphic	Yes
3+	Megamorphic	No*

```
public class PolymorphismTest
{
    public interface Coin { void deposit(); }

    public static int moneyBox = 0;

    public class Nickel implements Coin { public void deposit() { moneyBox += 5; } }
    public class Dime implements Coin { public void deposit() { moneyBox += 10; } }
    public class Quarter implements Coin { public void deposit() { moneyBox += 25; } }

    public PolymorphismTest() {

        Coin nickel = new Nickel();
        Coin dime = new Dime();
        Coin quarter = new Quarter();
        Coin coin = null;

        final int maxImplementations = 2; // 2 OK, 3 Not inlined

        for (int i = 0; i < 100_000; i++) {
            switch(i % maxImplementations) {
                case 0: coin = nickel; break;
                case 1: coin = dime; break;
                case 2: coin = quarter; break;
            }

            coin.deposit(); // callsite in question
        }

        System.out.println("moneyBox:" + moneyBox);
    }
}
```

Bimorphic

TriView - Source, Bytecode, Assembly Viewer - JITWatch

Class: PolymorphismTest Member: public void PolymorphismTest()

Source Bytecode Assembly Chain Journal LNT Mouseover

	Bytecode size	Native size	Compile time
	132	824	12ms

Source

```

31     }
32 }
33 public PolymorphismTest()
34 {
35     Coin nickel = new Nickel();
36     Coin dime = new Dime();
37     Coin quarter = new Quarter();
38
39     Coin coin = null;
40
41     // change the variable
42     // 2 = bimorphic dispatch
43     // 3 = megamorphic dispatch
44
45     final int maxImplementationCount = 1000000;
46
47     for (int i = 0; i < maxImplementationCount; i++) {
48         switch(i % maxImplementationCount) {
49             case 0: coin = nickel;
50             case 1: coin = dime;
51             case 2: coin = quarter;
52         }
53
54         coin.deposit();
55     }
56
57     System.out.println("money: " + coin);
58 }
59
60 public static void main(String[] args) {
61     new PolymorphismTest();
62 }
63
64 }
```

Bytecode (double click for JVM spec)

```

37:  iconst_0
38:  istore_6
40:  iload_6
42:  ldc #8 // int 100000
43:  if_icmpge L01
44:  iload_6
45:  ldc #8 // int 100000
46:  if_icmpge L02
47:  iload_6
48:  ldc #8 // int 100000
49:  if_icmpge L03
50:  iconst_2
51:  irem
52:  tableswitch 0:76, 1:82, 2:88, default:91
53:  aload_1
54:  astore
55:  goto
56:  aload_2
57:  astore
58:  goto
59:  aload_3
60:  astore
61:  goto
62:  iinc 6, 1
63:  goto 40
64:  getstatic #10 // Field java/lang/System.out:Ljava/io/PrintStream;
65:  new #11 // class java/lang/StringBuilder
66:  dup
67:  invokespecial #12 // Method java/lang/StringBuilder."<init>":()V
68:  ldc #13 // String moneyBox:
69:  invokevirtual #14 // Method java/lang/StringBuilder.append:(Ljava/lang/String;)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;
70:  getstatic #15 // Field moneyBox:I
71:  invokevirtual #16 // Method java/lang/StringBuilder.append:(I)Ljava/lang/StringBuilder;
72:  invokevirtual #17 // Method java/lang/StringBuilder.toString():Ljava/lang/String;
73:  invokevirtual #18 // Method java/io/PrintStream.println:(Ljava/lang/String)V
74:  return
    
```

Assembly

```

; - PolymorphismTest::<init>
0x00000000109e1b00e: add $0x5,%r10d
0x00000000109e1b00e: mov %r10d,0xa0(%rbp) ; *putstatic money
; - PolymorphismTest
; - PolymorphismTest

0x00000000109e1b015: jmp L0011
L0011: mov $0xffffffff6,%esi
0x00000000109e1b01c: data32 xchg %ax,%ax
0x00000000109e1b01f: callq 0x00000000109da61a0 ; OopMap{off=11264}
; *invokeinterface
; - PolymorphismTest

0x00000000109e1b024: callq 0x00000000109285538 ; {runtime_
L0018: mov %r11d,%r13d
L0019: mov %r13d,%r11d
L001a: mov $0xfffffc6,%esi
0x00000000109e1b034: mov %r8,%rbp
0x00000000109e1b037: mov %rcx,(%rsp)
0x00000000109e1b03b: mov %r11d,0x10(%rsp)
0x00000000109e1b040: mov %rbx,0x18(%rsp)
0x00000000109e1b045: mov %r14,0x20(%rsp)
0x00000000109e1b04a: nop
0x00000000109e1b04b: callq 0x00000000109da61a0 ; OopMap{rbp=0xa0}
; *invokeinterface
; - PolymorphismTest
; {runtime_
L001b: cmp $0x186a0,%r11d
0x00000000109e1b05c: jge L0023
0x00000000109e1b05e: jmp L001e ; *invokeinterface deposit
; - PolymorphismTest::<init>
; - PolymorphismTest
; - PolymorphismTest
0x00000000109e1b064: add $0xa,%r10d
0x00000000109e1b064: mov %r10d,0xa0(%rbp) ; *synchronization
; - PolymorphismTest
L001d: mov %r11d,%r13d
0x00000000109e1b06e: inc %r13d ; iinc
; - PolymorphismTest::<init>
    
```

Ctrl-click to inspect this method
Backspace to return

93: invokeinterface #9, 1 // InterfaceMethod PolymorphismTest\$Coin.deposit:()V

Mounted class version: 52.0 (Java 8) public void PolymorphismTest() compiled with C2 OSR

Bimorphic

```
#8 // int 100000
Class: PolymorphismTest$Dime
Method: deposit
JIT Compiled: No
Inlined: Yes, inline (hot)
Count: 11264
iicount: 7281
Bytes: 10
Prof factor: 1

Class: PolymorphismTest$Nickel
Method: deposit
JIT Compiled: No
Inlined: Yes, inline (hot)
Count: 11264
iicount: 7282
Bytes: 9
Prof factor: 1

Uncommon trap (reason:null_check, action:maybe_recompile)
Uncommon trap (reason:bimorphic, action:maybe_recompile)

Ctrl-click to inspect this method
Backspace to return
```



Class: PolymorphismTest

Member: public void PolymorphismTest()

 Source Bytecode Assembly Chain Journal LNT Mouseover

Bytecode size	Native size	Compile time
132	536	4ms

Source

```

31     }
32 }
33
34 public PolymorphismTest()
35 {
36     Coin nickel = new Nickel();
37     Coin dime = new Dime();
38     Coin quarter = new Quarter();
39
40     Coin coin = null;
41
42     // change the variable maxImplementation
43     // 2 = bimorphic dispatch
44     // 3 = megamorphic dispatch - the
45
46     final int maxImplementations = 3;
47
48     for (int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)
49     {
50         switch(i % maxImplementations)
51         {
52             case 0: coin = nickel; break;
53             case 1: coin = dime; break;
54             case 2: coin = quarter; break;
55         }
56
57         coin.deposit();
58     }
59
60     System.out.println("moneyBox:" + m);
61 }
62
63 public static void main(String[] args)
64 {
65     new PolymorphismTest();
66 }
67 }
```

Megamorphic

Bytecode (double click for JVM spec)

```

35: istore_1      5
37: iconst_0
38: istore_1      6
40: iload_1       6
42: ldc           #8  // int 100000
44: ijmp          104
47: iload_1       6
49: iconst_3
50: irem
51: tableswitch { // 0 to 2
    0:76
    1:82
    2:88
    default:91
}
76: aload_1
77: astore        4
79: goto          91
82: aload_2
83: astore        4
85: goto          91
88: aload_3
89: astore        4
91: aload         4
93: invokeinterface #9, 1 // InterfaceMethod PolymorphismTest$Coin.de
98: iinc          6, 1
101: goto
104: getstatic    #10 // Field java/lang/System.out:Ljava/io/Print
107: new
110: dup
111: invokespecial #12 // Method java/lang/StringBuilder."<init>":
114: ldc           #13 // String moneyBox:
116: invokevirtual #14 // Method java/lang/StringBuilder.append:(L
119: getstatic    #15 // Field moneyBox:I
122: invokevirtual #16 // Method java/lang/StringBuilder.append:(I
125: invokevirtual #17 // Method java/lang/StringBuilder.toString:
128: invokevirtual #18 // Method java/io/PrintStream.println:(Ljava

```

Virtual call, not inlined
Ctrl-click to inspect this method
Backspace to return

Assembly

```

0x0000000111a7a330: test %r8,%r8
0x0000000111a7a333: je L000b
0x0000000111a7a339: mov 0x8(%r8),%r10
0x0000000111a7a33d: movabs $0x199aadd0,%r11 ; {metadata
0x0000000111a7a347: cmp %r11,%r10
0x0000000111a7a34a: jne L000e ;*iload
                                         ; - PolymorphismTest::<init>
0x0000000111a7a350: jmp L0004
L0002: mov %rdi,0x18(%rsp) ;*aload
                                         ; - PolymorphismTest::<init>
L0003: mov %rdi,0x10(%rsp)
0x0000000111a7a35c: mov %r9,0x8(%rsp)
0x0000000111a7a361: mov %r8,(%rsp)
0x0000000111a7a365: mov %r13d,%ebp ;*tableswitch
                                         ; - PolymorphismTest::<init>
0x0000000111a7a368: mov 0x18(%rsp),%rsi
0x0000000111a7a36d: movabs $0xfffffffffffffff,%rax
0x0000000111a7a377: callq 0x0000000111a46220 ; OopMap{[0]} ;*invokeint
                                         ; - PolymorphismTest::<init>
0x0000000111a7a37c: inc %ebp ;*iinc
                                         ; - PolymorphismTest::<init>
0x0000000111a7a37e: mov 0x18(%rsp),%rbx
0x0000000111a7a383: mov %ebp,%r13d
0x0000000111a7a386: mov (%rsp),%r8
0x0000000111a7a38a: mov 0x8(%rsp),%r9
0x0000000111a7a38f: mov 0x10(%rsp),%rdi ;*iload
                                         ; - PolymorphismTest::<init>
L0004: cmp $0x186a0,%r13d
0x0000000111a7a39b: jge L0008 ;*if_icmpge
                                         ; - PolymorphismTest::<init>
0x0000000111a7a39d: movslq %r13d,%r10
0x0000000111a7a3a0: mov %r13d,%r11d
0x0000000111a7a3a3: sar $0x1f,%r11d
0x0000000111a7a3a7: imul $0x55555556,%r10,%r10
0x0000000111a7a3ae: sar $0x20,%r10

```

Megamorphic

```
91:  aload           4
93:  invokeinterface #9,  1// InterfaceMethod PolymorphismTest$Coin.de
98:  iinc            6, 1
101: goto
104: getstatic      #10 // Field java/lang/System.out:Ljava/io/Print
107: new
110: dup
```

A tooltip is displayed over the instruction at address 93, which is highlighted in red. The tooltip contains the following information:

- Virtual call, not inlined
- Ctrl-click to inspect this method
- Backspace to return



Escape Analysis



Scope-based optimisations

Eliminate heap allocations

Lock elision

NoEscape

```
public long noEscape()
{
    long sum = 0;

    for (int i=0; i<BIG; i++)
    {
        MyObj foo = new MyObj(i);

        sum += foo.bar();
    }

    return sum;
}
```

ArgEscape

```
public long argEscape()
{
    long sum = 0;

    for (int i=0; i<BIG; i++)
    {
        MyObj foo = new MyObj(i);

        sum += extBar(foo);
    }

    return sum;
}
```

Object foo doesn't escape the loop scope.

Object foo escapes loop scope by passing as arg to extBar().

Avoid heap allocations

NoEscape objects are “exploded”

Fields are treated as locals

Register allocator decides where they are stored

Prefer registers

Spill to stack if necessary

```
public class EscapeTest {
    private final int val;

    public EscapeTest(final int val) { this.val = val; }

    public boolean equals(EscapeTest et) { return this.val == et.val; }

    public static int run() {
        int matches = 0;

        java.util.Random random = new java.util.Random();

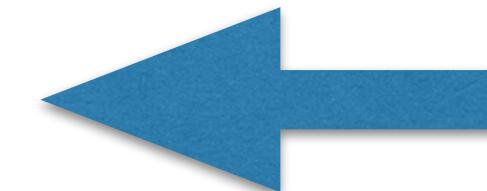
        for (int i = 0; i < 100_000_000; i++) {
            int v1 = random.nextBoolean() ? 1 : 0;
            int v2 = random.nextBoolean() ? 1 : 0;

            final EscapeTest e1 = new EscapeTest(v1);
            final EscapeTest e2 = new EscapeTest(v2);

            if (e1.equals(e2)) { matches++; }
        }

        return matches;
    }

    public static void main(final String[] args) {
        System.out.println(run());
    }
}
```



Inlining prevents ArgEscape of e2

Hot loop allocations

With Escape Analysis

100m loops. No GCs

```
java -Xms1G -Xmx1G -XX:+PrintGCDetails -verbose:gc EscapeTest
50001193
Heap
PSYoungGen      total 305664K, used 20972K [0x00000007aab00000, 0x00000007c0000000, 0x00000007c0000000)
eden space 262144K, 8% used [0x00000007aab00000,0x00000007abf7b038,0x00000007bab00000)
from space 43520K, 0% used [0x00000007bd580000,0x00000007bd580000,0x00000007c0000000)
to   space 43520K, 0% used [0x00000007bab00000,0x00000007bab00000,0x00000007bd580000)
ParOldGen       total 699392K, used 0K [0x0000000780000000, 0x00000007aab00000, 0x00000007aab00000)
object space 699392K, 0% used [0x0000000780000000,0x0000000780000000,0x00000007aab00000)
Metaspace        used 2626K, capacity 4486K, committed 4864K, reserved 1056768K
class space     used 285K, capacity 386K, committed 512K, reserved 1048576K
```

Without Escape Analysis

100m loops. 10 minor GCs

```
java -Xms1G -Xmx1G -XX:+PrintGCDetails -verbose:gc -XX:-DoEscapeAnalysis EscapeTest
[GC (Allocation Failure) [PSYoungGen: 262144K->368K(305664K)] 262144K->376K(1005056K), 0.0006532 secs] [Times: user=0.00 sys=0.00, real=0.00 secs]
[GC (Allocation Failure) [PSYoungGen: 262512K->432K(305664K)] 262520K->440K(1005056K), 0.0006805 secs] [Times: user=0.01 sys=0.00, real=0.00 secs]
[GC (Allocation Failure) [PSYoungGen: 262576K->416K(305664K)] 262584K->424K(1005056K), 0.0005623 secs] [Times: user=0.01 sys=0.00, real=0.00 secs]
[GC (Allocation Failure) [PSYoungGen: 262560K->352K(305664K)] 262568K->360K(1005056K), 0.0006364 secs] [Times: user=0.01 sys=0.00, real=0.00 secs]
[GC (Allocation Failure) [PSYoungGen: 262496K->400K(305664K)] 262504K->408K(1005056K), 0.0005717 secs] [Times: user=0.00 sys=0.00, real=0.00 secs]
[GC (Allocation Failure) [PSYoungGen: 262544K->384K(348672K)] 262552K->392K(1048064K), 0.0007290 secs] [Times: user=0.00 sys=0.01, real=0.00 secs]
[GC (Allocation Failure) [PSYoungGen: 348544K->32K(348672K)] 348552K->352K(1048064K), 0.0006297 secs] [Times: user=0.00 sys=0.01, real=0.00 secs]
[GC (Allocation Failure) [PSYoungGen: 348192K->32K(347648K)] 348512K->352K(1047040K), 0.0004195 secs] [Times: user=0.00 sys=0.00, real=0.00 secs]
[GC (Allocation Failure) [PSYoungGen: 347168K->0K(348160K)] 347488K->320K(1047552K), 0.0004126 secs] [Times: user=0.00 sys=0.00, real=0.00 secs]
[GC (Allocation Failure) [PSYoungGen: 347136K->0K(348160K)] 347456K->320K(1047552K), 0.0004189 secs] [Times: user=0.00 sys=0.00, real=0.00 secs]
50001608
Heap
PSYoungGen      total 348160K, used 180445K [0x00000007aab00000, 0x00000007c0000000, 0x00000007c0000000)
eden space 347136K, 51% used [0x00000007aab00000,0x00000007b5b37438,0x00000007bfe00000)
from space 1024K, 0% used [0x00000007bff00000,0x00000007bff00000,0x00000007c0000000)
to   space 1024K, 0% used [0x00000007bfe00000,0x00000007bfe00000,0x00000007bff00000)
ParOldGen       total 699392K, used 320K [0x0000000780000000, 0x00000007aab00000, 0x00000007aab00000)
object space 699392K, 0% used [0x0000000780000000,0x0000000780050050,0x00000007aab00000)
Metaspace        used 2626K, capacity 4486K, committed 4864K, reserved 1056768K
class space     used 285K, capacity 386K, committed 512K, reserved 1048576K
```

Class: EscapeTest

Member: public static int run()

 Source Bytecode Assembly Chain Journal LNT Mouseover

Bytecode size

87

Native size

504

Compile time

10ms

Source

```

1  public class EscapeTest {
2      private final int val;
3
4      public EscapeTest(final int val) { this.val = val; }
5
6      public boolean equals(EscapeTest et) { return this.val == et.val; }
7
8      public static int run() {
9          int matches = 0;
10
11         java.util.Random random = new java.util.Random();
12
13         for (int i = 0; i < 100_000_000; i++) {
14             int v1 = random.nextBoolean() ? 1 : 0;
15             int v2 = random.nextBoolean() ? 1 : 0;
16
17             final EscapeTest e1 = new EscapeTest(v1);
18             final EscapeTest e2 = new EscapeTest(v2);
19
20             if (e1.equals(e2)) { matches++; }
21
22         }
23
24         return matches;
25     }
26
27     public static void main(final String[] args) {
28         System.out.println(run());
29     }

```

Bytecode (double click for JVM spec)

```

11: istore_2
12: iload_2
13: ldc           #5   // int 100000000
15: if_icmpge    85
18: aload_1
19: invokevirtual #6   // Method java/util/Random.nextInt:()I
22: ifeq          29
25: iconst_1
26: goto          30
29: iconst_0
30: istore_3
31: aload_1
32: invokevirtual #6   // Method java/util/Random.nextInt:()I
35: ifeq          42
38: iconst_1
39: goto          43
42: iconst_0
43: istore        4
45: new           #7   // class EscapeTest ←
48: dup
49: iload_3
50: invokespecial #8   // Method "<init>":(I)V ←
53: astore        5
55: new           #7   // class EscapeTest ←
58: dup
59: iload        4
61: invokespecial #8   // Method "<init>":(I)V ←
64: astore        6
66: aload         5
68: aload         6
70: invokevirtual #9   // Method equals:(LEscapeTest;)Z ←
73: ifeq          79
76: iinc          0, 1
79: iinc          2, 1
82: goto          12
85: iload_0
86: ireturn

```

Class: EscapeTest
 Method: equals
 JIT Compiled: Yes
 Inlined: Yes, inline (hot)
 Count: 40960
 iicount: 46336
 Bytes: 17
 Prof factor: 1

Ctrl-click to inspect this method
 Backspace to return

Branch prediction

```
public class BranchPrediction {  
    public BranchPrediction() {  
        int a = 0, b = 0;  
  
        Random random = new Random();  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < 1_000_000; i++) {  
            if (random.nextBoolean())  
                a++;  
            else  
                b++;  
        }  
  
        System.out.println(a + "/" + b);  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        new BranchPrediction();  
    }  
}
```

JITWatch Code Suggestions

Filter on package prefixes (comma separated)

Score	Type	Caller	Suggestion
5632	Branch	BranchPrediction public void BranchPrediction() View	Method contains an unpredictable branch at bytecode 30 that was observed 11264 times and is taken with probability 0.503374. It may be possible to modify the branch (for example by sorting a Collection before iterating) to make it more predictable.
3351	Branch	java.util.Random public boolean nextBoolean() View	Method contains an unpredictable branch at bytecode 5 that was observed 6701 times and is taken with probability 0.501716. It may be possible to modify the branch (for example by sorting a Collection before iterating) to make it more predictable.
3350	Branch	java.util.Random public boolean nextBoolean() View	Method contains an unpredictable branch at bytecode 5 that was observed 6700 times and is taken with probability 0.501791. It may be possible to modify the branch (for example by sorting a Collection before iterating) to make it more predictable.

JITWatch highlights unpredictable branches

Score	Type	Caller	Suggestion
5632	Branch	BranchPrediction public void BranchPrediction() [View](#)	Method contains an unpredictable branch at bytecode 30 that was observed 11264 times and is taken with probability 0.503374. It may be possible to modify the branch (for example by sorting a Collection before iterating) to make it more predictable.
3351	Branch	java.util.Random public boolean nextBoolean() [View](#)	Method contains an unpredictable branch at bytecode 5 that was observed 6701 times and is taken with probability 0.501716. It may be possible to modify the branch (for example by sorting a Collection before iterating) to make it more predictable.
3350	Branch	java.util.Random public boolean nextBoolean() [View](#)	Method contains an unpredictable branch at bytecode 5 that was observed 6700 times and is taken with probability 0.501791. It may be possible to modify the branch (for example by sorting a Collection before iterating) to make it more predictable.

Branch prediction

TriView - Source, Bytecode, Assembly Viewer - JITWatch

Class: BranchPrediction Member: public void BranchPrediction()

Source Bytecode Assembly Chain Journal LNT Mouseover

Bytecode size: 78 Native size: 376 Compile time: 5ms

Source	Bytecode (double click for JVM spec)	Assembly
<pre>1 import java.util.Random; 2 public class BranchPrediction { 3 public BranchPrediction(){ 4 int a = 0, b = 0; 5 6 Random random = new Random(); 7 8 for (int i = 0; i < 1_000_000; i++) { 9 if (random.nextBoolean()) 10 a++; 11 else 12 b++; 13 } 14 15 System.out.println(a + "/" + b); 16 } 17 18 public static void main(String[] args) { 19 new BranchPrediction(); 20 } 21 }</pre>	<pre>0: aload_0 1: invokespecial #1 // Method java/lang/Object."<init>":()V 4: iconst_0 5: istore_1 6: iconst_0 7: istore_2 8: new #2 // class java/util/Random 11: dup 12: invokespecial #3 // Method java/util/Random."<init>":()V 15: astore_3 16: iconst_0 17: istore_4 19: iload_4 21: ldc #4 // int 1000000 23: if_icmpge 48 26: aload_3 27: invokevirtual #5 // Method java/util/Random.nextInt():Z 30: ifeq 39 33: iinc_1 36: goto_1 39: iinc_1 42: iinc_1 45: goto_19</pre>	<pre>; - java.util.Random::next() ; - BranchPrediction::<init> 0x000000010c210d05: lock cmpxchg %r8,0x10(%r11) 0x000000010c210d0b: sete %r10b 0x000000010c210d0f: movzbl %r10b,%r10d ;*invokevirtual ; - java.util.Random::next() ; - java.util.Random::next() ; - BranchPrediction::<init> 0x000000010c210d13: test %r10d,%r10d 0x000000010c210d16: je L0003 ;*ifeq ; - java.util.Random::next() ; - java.util.Random::next() ; - BranchPrediction::<init> 0x000000010c210d18: shr \$0x2f,%rdi 0x000000010c210d1c: and \$0x1,%rdi 0x000000010c210d20: mov %edi,%r11d 0x000000010c210d23: test %r11d,%r11d 0x000000010c210d26: jne L0000 ;*ifeq ; - BranchPrediction::<init> 0x000000010c210d28: inc %r14d ;*iinc ; - BranchPrediction::<init> 0x000000010c210d2b: jmp L0001 L0002: mov %r14d,%r14d</pre>

Count: 11264
Branch taken: 5574
Branch not taken: 5690
Taken Probability: 0.494851

Intrinsics

Highly optimised native implementations

Use features of target CPU

Intrinsics exist for methods in

**Math, Unsafe, System, Class, Arrays, String,
StringBuilder, AESCrypt, ...**

393 intrinsics as of JDK20

<https://chriswhocodes.com/vm-intrinsics-explorer.html>

Intrinsics

Math.log10(double) is 2 instructions on x86_64

from: hotspot/src/cpu/x86/vm/x86_64.ad

```
instruct log10D_reg(regD dst) %{
    // The source and result Double operands in XMM registers match (Set dst (Log10D dst));
    // fldlg2          ; push log_10(2) on the FPU stack; full 80-bit number
    // fyl2x          ; compute log_10(2) * log_2(x)
    format %{
        "fldlg2\t\t\t#Log10\n\t"
        "fyl2x\t\t\t# Q=Log10*Log_2(x)\n\t"
    %}
    ins_encode(Opcode(0xD9), Opcode(0xEC),    // fldlg2
              Push_SrcXD(dst),
              Opcode(0xD9), Opcode(0xF1),    // fyl2x
              Push_ResultXD(dst));
    ins_pipe( pipe_slow );
%}
```

JITWatch TopLists

Most-used Intrinsics

Count	Intrinsic
64	java.lang.System.arraycopy => _arraycopy
45	java.lang.Math.min => _min
25	java.lang.Object.hashCode => _hashCode
23	java.lang.Object.getClass => _getClass
22	java.lang.ref.Reference.get => _Reference_get
18	java.lang.String.equals => _equals
10	java.util.Arrays.copyOf => _copyOf
9	sun.misc.Unsafe.compareAndSwapObject => _compareAndSwapObject
8	java.lang.Object.clone => _clone
6	java.lang.Thread.currentThread => _currentThread
5	java.lang.Math.max => _max
3	sun.reflect.Reflection.getClassAccessFlags => _getClassAccessFlags
3	java.lang.Class.getComponentType => _getComponentType
3	sun.misc.Unsafe.compareAndSwapInt => _compareAndSwapInt
3	java.util.zip.CRC32.updateBytes => _updateBytesCRC32
3	java.lang.String.compareTo => _compareTo
3	sun.misc.Unsafe.getObjectVolatile => _getObjectVolatile
3	java.lang.reflect.Array.newArray => _newArray
2	java.lang.System.identityHashCode => _identityHashCode
2	sun.misc.Unsafe.putObject => _putObject
2	java.lang.System.nanoTime => _nanoTime

Stale Tasks

JITWatch - HotSpot Compilation Inspector

Sandbox Open Log Start Stop Config Chart Stats Histo TopList Code Cache TriView Suggestions (1727) OVCs

Hide interfaces Hide uncompiled classes Hide non JIT-compiled class members

Queued	Compiled	Native Size	Compiler	Level
00:00:11.390	NA	NA	Stale task	Level 1
00:00:12.434	NA	NA	Stale task	Level 1
00:00:19.037	NA	NA	Stale task	Level 1
00:02:17.328	00:02:17.329	272	C1	Level 1

00:02:55.253 Queued : public final java.lang.Object java.util.concurrent.atomic.AtomicReference.getAndSet(java.lang.Object)
00:02:55.253 Queued : public final java.lang.Object sun.misc.Unsafe.getAndSetObject(java.lang.Object, long, java.lang.Object)
00:02:55.255 Queued : public int java.lang.Long.hashCode()
00:02:55.256 Compiled (C1) : public final long java.util.concurrent.atomic.AtomicLong.get()
00:02:55.256 Compiled (C1) : public int java.lang.Long.hashCode()
Finished reading log file.
Finding code suggestions.
Found 1727 code suggestions.

Heap: 862/1299M Errors (32636) VM is Oracle Corporation 1.8.0_102



In the compile queue for >50ms without further invocations / back edges

Vectorisation

```
public void incrementArray(int[] array, int const)
{
    int length = array.length;

    for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)
    {
        array[i] += constant;
    }
}
```

Bytecode for incrementArray

```
0:  aload_1           // load the reference of 'array'  
1:  arraylength      // call the 'arraylength' instruction to get the length of the array  
2:  istore_3          // store the array length into local variable 3 'length'  
3:  iconst_0          // push int 0 onto the stack  
4:  istore        4   // store into local variable 4 'i'  
6:  iload             4   // load local variable 4 'i' and push onto the stack  
8:  iload_3           // load local variable 3 'length' and push onto the stack  
9:  if_icmpge    26   // if (i >= length) jump to BCI 26 (return)  
12:  aload_1           // else load the reference of 'array' and push onto the stack  
13:  iload             4   // load local variable 4 'i' and push onto the stack  
15:  dup2              // duplicate the top 2 values on the stack  
16:  iaload             // load the value of array[i] and push onto the stack  
17:  iload_2           // load local variable 2 'constant' and push onto the stack  
18:  iadd              // add array[i] and 'constant' and push result onto stack  
19:  iastore            // store the result back into array[i]  
20:  iinc        4, 1   // increment local variable 4 'i' by 1  
23:  goto             6   // jump back to BCI 6  
26:  return
```

```
0x00007f92f523b93f: vmovd xmm0,ecx
0x00007f92f523b943: vpbroadcastd ymm0,xmm0
0x00007f92f523b948: inc eax
0x00007f92f523b94a: mov r8d,0xfa00
L0002: mov edi,r10d
0x00007f92f523b953: sub edi,eax
0x00007f92f523b955: cmp r10d,eax
0x00007f92f523b958: cmovl edi,esi
0x00007f92f523b95b: cmp edi,0xfa00
0x00007f92f523b961: cmova edi,r8d
0x00007f92f523b965: add edi,eax
0x00007f92f523b967: nop WORD PTR [rax+rax*1+0x0] ;*aload_1 {reexecuted=0 rethrow=0 return_oop=0}
; - DoesItVectorise::incrementArray@12 (line 24)

L0003: vpadddd ymm1,ymm0,YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0x10]
0x00007f92f523b976: vmovdqu YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0x10],ymm1
0x00007f92f523b97c: vpadddd ymm1,ymm0,YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0x30]
0x00007f92f523b982: vmovdqu YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0x30],ymm1
0x00007f92f523b988: vpadddd ymm1,ymm0,YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0x50]
0x00007f92f523b98e: vmovdqu YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0x50],ymm1
0x00007f92f523b994: vpadddd ymm1,ymm0,YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0x70]
0x00007f92f523b99a: vmovdqu YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0x70],ymm1
0x00007f92f523b9a0: vpadddd ymm1,ymm0,YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0x90]
0x00007f92f523b9a9: vmovdqu YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0x90],ymm1
0x00007f92f523b9b2: vpadddd ymm1,ymm0,YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0xb0]
0x00007f92f523b9bb: vmovdqu YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0xb0],ymm1
0x00007f92f523b9c4: vpadddd ymm1,ymm0,YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0xd0]
0x00007f92f523b9cd: vmovdqu YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0xd0],ymm1
0x00007f92f523b9d6: vpadddd ymm1,ymm0,YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0xf0]
0x00007f92f523b9df: vmovdqu YMMWORD PTR [rdx+rax*4+0xf0],ymm1 ;*iastore {reexecuted=0 rethrow=0 return_oop=0}
; - DoesItVectorise::incrementArray@19 (line 24)

0x00007f92f523b9e8: add eax,0x40 ;*iinc {reexecuted=0 rethrow=0 return_oop=0}
; - DoesItVectorise::incrementArray@20 (line 22)
0x00007f92f523b9eb: cmp eax,edi
0x00007f92f523b9ed: jl L0003 ;*goto {reexecuted=0 rethrow=0 return_oop=0}
; - DoesItVectorise::incrementArray@23 (line 22)
```

**Broadcast (copy) the 32-bit int constant
8 times across 256-bit SIMD register ymm0**

**Packed integer addition in
256-bit SIMD registers using
vpadddd/vmovdqu instructions
and loop unrolling updates
64 array elements per loop**

TL;DR

JIT logs can reveal optimisation issues

Keep methods small for inlining (Head Test)

Check inline-ability of 3rd party library methods

Check for unpredictable branches

Use appropriate method visibility (CHA)

Count interface implementations

Check for allocations in hot code (EA)

Epilogue

We should forget about small efficiencies, say about 97% of the time: **premature optimization is the root of all evil**. Yet we should not pass up our opportunities in that critical 3%.

Donald Knuth, Computer Programming as an Art

Thanks for listening!

- JITWatch on GitHub
- <https://github.com/AdoptOpenJDK/jitwatch>
- VMOptionsExplorer, Intrinsics Explorer,
JaCoLine, JEPSearch, ...
- <https://chriswhocodes.com>
- [@chriswhocodes](https://twitter.com/chriswhocodes) on Twitter